

DOE/SC-ARM-TR-187

Multi-Angle Snowflake Camera Particle Analysis Value-Added Product

K Shkurko A Talaei T Garrett K Gaustad

March 2018



DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by the U.S. Government. Neither the United States nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the U.S. Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the U.S. Government or any agency thereof.

Multi-Angle Snowflake Camera Particle Analysis Value-Added Product

Revision 1

K Shkurko, University of Utah T Garrett, University of Utah A Talaei, University of Utah K Gaustad, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

March 2018

Work supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Office of Biological and Environmental Research

Acronyms and Abbreviations

cm	centimeter
Hz	Hertz
IR	infrared
MASC	multi-angle snowflake camera
mm	millimeter
PC	personal computer
ROI	region of interest
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VAP	value-added product

Contents

Acro	onym	s and Abbreviations	iv
1.0	Intro	oduction	1
2.0	Inpu	ıt Data	2
	2.1	Raw Data: Image Data Files	2
	2.2	Raw Data: Fallspeed Data Files	
	2.3	Raw Data: Configuration XML File	
	2.4	Analysis Configuration File	4
3.0	Algo	orithm and Methodology	4
	3.1	Per-Particle Analysis	4
	3.2	Generating Time Bins	5
	3.3	Algorithmic Flowchart	5
4.0	Outp	put Data	6
	4.1	Scientifically Relevant Variables	6
	4.2	Diagnostic Variables and Accepted Values	
	4.3	Output Datastream: masc.b1	
	4.4	Derived Datastream: mascparticles.c1	11
	4.5	Derived Datastream: mascparticlesavg.c1	
5.0	Sum	imary	
6.0	Exa	mple Plots	
	6.1	Per-Particle Data, mascparticlesM1.c1 Datastream	
	6.2	Bins in Time, mascparticlesavgM1.c1 Datastream	
7.0	Refe	erences	
App	endix	A Configuration XML File	A-1
App	endix	B Default Analysis Parameters	B-1
App	endix	C Algorithm Pseudocode	C-1
App	endix	D NetCDF Header for mascparticlesM1.c1	D-1
App	endix	E NetCDF Header for mascparticlesavgM1.c1	E-1

Figures

1	Schematic of the multi-angle snowflake camera (MASC).	1
2	Example image data info ASCII text file.	3
3	Example fallspeed data info ASCII text file	3
4	Elements within configuration XML file relevant for parsing.	4
5	Retrieved number of images (of 3) used to average computed features for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016	19
6	Retrieved fall speed for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016.	20
7	Retrieved maximum dimension averaged over three images for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016	21
8	Retrieved maximum dimension for each of the three images for every captured particle (top). Numbers denote camera id.	22
9	Retrieved complexity averaged over three images for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016	23
10	Retrieved total number of particles that fell into each 5-minwide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016.	24
11	Retrieved number of particles used to average data for each 5-minwide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016	25
12	Retrieved average fall speed for a subset of particles that fell into each 5-minwide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016	26
13	Retrieved average of maximum dimension for a subset of particles that fell into each 5-min wide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016.	27
14	Retrieved average complexity for a subset of particles that fell into each 5-minwide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016	28
15	Example of configuration XML file	A-3
16		B-3
17	Python code that uses OpenCV to compute features returned by the VAP	C-4

Tables

1	Specifics for the MASC located at Oliktok Point Mobile Facility	2
2	Types of data that MASC measures.	2
3	Description of scientifically relevant variables.	6
4	Description of diagnostic variables.	8
5	Details on variables stored within the raw datastream, masc.b1	10
6	Quality variables for raw datastream, masc.b1	11
7	Details on variables stored within the derived datastream, mascparticles.c1	12
8	Details on variables stored within the raw datastream, mascparticles.c1	13
9	Quality variables for derived datastream, mascparticles.c1.	14
10	Details on variables stored within the raw datastream mascparticlesavg.c1	16
11	Quality variables for derived datastream, mascparticlesavg.c1.	17

1.0 Introduction

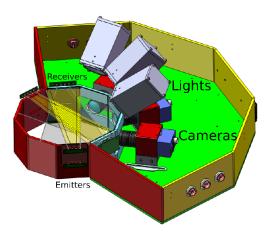


Figure 1. Schematic of the multi-angle snowflake camera (MASC). The hatched region represents the cross-section of the trigger area of the near-infrared motion detector system.

The Multi-Angle Snowflake Camera (MASC) addresses a need for high-resolution multi-angle imaging of hydrometeors in freefall with simultaneous measurement of fallspeed. As illustrated in **Figure 1**, the MASC consists of three cameras, separated by 36°, each pointing at an identical focal point approximately 10 cm away. Located immediately above each camera, a light aims directly at the center of depth of field for its corresponding camera. The focal point at which the cameras are aimed lies within a ring through which hydrometeors fall. The ring houses a system of near-infrared emitter-detector pairs, arranged in two arrays separated vertically by 32 mm.

When hydrometeors pass through the lower array, they simultaneously trigger all cameras and lights. Fallspeed is calculated from the time it takes to traverse the distance between the upper and lower triggering arrays. The trigger electronics filter out ambient light fluctuations associated with varying sunlight and shadows.

The microprocessor onboard the MASC controls the camera system and communicates with the personal computer (PC). The image data is sent via FireWire 800 line, and fallspeed (and camera control) is sent via a Universal Serial Bus (USB) line that relies on RS232-over-USB serial conversion.

See **Table 1** for specific details on the MASC located at the Oliktok Point Mobile Facility on the North Slope of Alaska.

The value-added product (VAP) detailed in this documentation analyzes the raw data (Section 2.0) using Python: images rely on OpenCV image processing library and derived aggregated statistics rely on some clever averaging. See Sections 4.1 and 4.2 for more details on what variables are computed.

Please see Garrett, 2012 for more details on the instrument and related data analysis.

K Shkurko et al., March 2018, DOE/SC-ARM-TR-187

Table 1.Specifics for the MASC located at Oliktok Point Mobile Facility. Note: This specification
omits any upgrades or modifications that may have been applied to the camera system since
manufacture.

Element	Description	
Cameras	All three cameras are Unibrain Fire-i 980b grayscale cameras with maximum	
	resolution of 2,448 x 2,048 pixels.	
Lenses	All cameras use the same 12.5 mm Fujinon Megapixel C-mount lens with 75 mm	
	horizontal field of view. This corresponds to 30.5 µm horizontal resolution per pixel.	
Exposure	Exposure time is set to 40 µsec, or 1 / 25,000th of a second. Note: One can double-	
	check this setting within the configuration XML file used for acquisition.	
Lights	Each light is a 2,700 lumen light-emitting diode.	
NIR detectors	Falling hydrometeors with maximum dimension > 0.1 mm can be detected by the	
	two pairs of near-infrared detectors. Maximum detection frequency is set to 2 Hz.	

2.0 Input Data

The MASC generates a collection of data for every detected particle. Each item listed below should be considered as a direct measurement. The VAP uses these values as input to derive variables it reports. See **Table 2** for a description of this data. The raw data consists of a few pieces, described in Sections 2.1-2.3.

Element	Description		
Timestamp	UTC timestamp when hydrometeor was captured.		
Fallspeed	Measurement of the vertical fall speed of the hydrometeor. Calculated from the time taken for the hydrometeor to fall 32 mm between the top NIR trigger array and the bottom trigger array.		
Images	Three images of the hydrometeor, one for each camera.		
Configuration Options	Copy of the configuration file used for data acquisition.		

Table 2.Types of data that MASC measures.

2.1 Raw Data: Image Data Files

This ASCII file describes how to correlate image filenames to the camera ids and snowflake ids. The files are named oliMASCM1.a0.YYYYMMDD.HH.raw_imgInfo.txt See Figure 2 for how the columns can be interpreted.

flake ID	camera ID	date (mm.dd.yyyy)	time (hh:mm:ss.mmmmmm)	image name	frame timestamp
1	0	10.25.2013	10:05:50.189202	2013.10.25_10.05.50_flake_1_cam_0.png	0
1	1	10.25.2013	10:05:50.219204	2013.10.25_10.05.50_flake_1_cam_1.png	0
1	2	10.25.2013	10:05:50.250206	2013.10.25_10.05.50_flake_1_cam_2.png	0
2	0	10.25.2013	10:05:50.802237	2013.10.25_10.05.50_flake_2_cam_0.png	0
2	1	10.25.2013	10:05:50.827239	2013.10.25_10.05.50_flake_2_cam_1.png	0

2 2 10.25.2013 10:05:50.856240 2013.10.25_10.05.50_flake_2_cam_2.png 0

Figure 2. Example image data info ASCII text file. Top row describes how to parse each column.

Please note that the perfect acquisition run will have each snowflake ID repeat three times, once for each camera. If one of these is missing, that means that particular image has been dropped. Also, all of the images listed under the image name must be present on disk. Finally, the timestamps of file acquisition may be slightly different—please be cautious of this when parsing timestamps, since images may span across the seconds (or minutes, or hours) boundary.

2.2 Raw Data: Fallspeed Data Files

This ASCII file describes how to correlate snowflake ids with the measured fallspeed. The files are named oliMASCM1.a0.YYYYMMDD.HH.raw_dataInfo.txt See Figure 3 for how the columns can be interpreted.

snowflake id	date (mm.dd.yyyy)	time (hh:mm:ss.mmmmmm)	fall speed (m/s)
1	10.25.2013	10:05:50.336211	0.314453
2	10.25.2013	10:06:12.744492	0.673613
3	10.25.2013	10:06:13.318525	1.02842
4	10.25.2013	10:06:13.718548	0.863711

Figure 3. Example fallspeed data info ASCII text file. Top row describes how to parse each column.

2.3 Raw Data: Configuration XML File

This XML file is a copy of the configuration settings used for data acquisition, which are regenerated every time acquisition is restarted. These are necessary for the processing algorithm to convert number of pixels into physical measurements of distances. The files are named

oliMASCM1.a0.YYYYMMDD.HHMM.raw_config.xml See MASC instrument documentation for the description of all elements for an example file shown in Figure 15 in the Appendix. Figure 4 describes elements that must be parsed for each camera.

XML Element	Description
<fieldofviewinmm val="0.0306372549"/></fieldofviewinmm 	Specifies the horizontal field of view (in mm) of a single pixel in the image when looking at the focal plane. It has a single attribute that corresponds to the numeric value. This parameter is necessary for downstream data analysis and must be updated every time camera configuration changes. Computed by measuring the total field of view for the entire image and then dividing by the image width: $0.03063 = 75 / 2448$
<top val="0"></top> <left val="0"></left> <bottom val="0"></bottom> <right val="0"></right>	Within <startupinfo> / <format7info> attribute. Identifies the amount of cropping from the top, left, bottom, or right of the image in val attribute.</format7info></startupinfo>

Figure 4. Elements within configuration XML file relevant for parsing. These reside within <acquisitionConfiguration> / <camDeviceConfiguration> / <camerasInfo> / <camera> attributes. There is a <camera> for each camera in the MASC.

Analysis Configuration File 2.4

The configuration file is in the JSON format and stores all the parameters that the analysis script uses. Some of the parameters may need to be updated every time the instrument is moved or changed. Although it also contains values used to filter out particles, they should be considered as defaults because they are overwritten by values stored in valid min, valid max, warn min and warn max attributes for the appropriate diagnostic variables within each datastream. For more information on how the VAP filters data, see Section 4.2.

The file is named defImgAnlParams.json and resides in the VAP's configuration directory. An example file is shown in Figure 16 in the Appendix. Comments next to each variable indicate usage. The final values used by the VAP are written into anal config json global attribute within mascparticlesM1.c1 datastream.

Algorithm and Methodology 3.0

This section describes the basic workflow for the VAP. For a detailed description of pseudocode, see Appendix C. Every variable that determines quality is described in Section 4.2 including how the determination is made.

The VAP operates on one day of data. First, the VAP processes particle data: analyzing three images and then aggregating the result per particle. This is stored in mascparticlesM1.c1 datastream. Then, all particles are binned into 5-min. intervals and their analysis data aggregated per bin. This is stored in mascparticlesavgM1.c1 datastream. Data is tested and filtered at various stages of processing.

Essentially, the VAP processing has two modes: image processing using OpenCV and averages of results at various granularity.

3.1 **Per-Particle Analysis**

At the very first stage, the VAP checks whether input is appropriate. If the fallspeed is determined to be too fast (valid max), the appropriate quality bit is set for all data for this particle. If either camera index is set to MISSING VALUE or the image cannot be found, the analysis data for this image is set to MISSING VALUE (and appropriate quality bits are set). If for the particle, all camera indexes or images are missing or no images were used to compute per-particle average, then the particle averages are set to MISSING VALUE (and appropriate quality bits are set).

The VAP relies on OpenCV for image processing. See the following section for an algorithmic flowchart. First, it crops the image to remove infrared (IR) emitters and reduce computation workload. We determine which pixels are in the foreground by simple thresholding of their brightness (value). Edges of each particle within the image are detected using Otsu's binarization (See:

http://docs.opencv.org/trunk/d7/d4d/tutorial py thresholding.html#gsc.tab=0). We rely on

OpenCV's contour algorithm to extract each particle captured within the image. According to documentation, it relies on the algorithm detailed in Suzuki, 1985.

Analysis for each contour (particle within image) relies on the following OpenCV functions:

- The bounding box is determined using the boundingRect function on pixels deemed as foreground. The documentation does not provide an algorithm, but we assume it is a simple min/max of locations of pixels that are foreground.
- Particle area is computed by simply counting how many pixels within the contour are foreground. This uses OpenCV's function countNonZero.
- Perimeter of the particle relies on OpenCV's function arcLength. The documentation does not provide a link to the algorithm it uses.
- Best fit ellipse is fit using OpenCV's fitEllipse function. It relies on the first algorithm described by Fitzgibbon, 1995.
- The rest of the measures are simple arithmetic averages that use OpenCV's mean function.

We filter each contour (particle within image) using six parameters: size (area), maximum pixel intensity, pixel intensity variability, length of particle touching the image edge, measure of focus, and location of the bottom of the particle. See Section 4.2 for more details.

If the contour passes filters, the VAP will stores the analysis results for the contour most in focus. If the contour does not pass filters, the VAP still stores the data, but sets appropriate quality bits. The VAP also stores how many contours (particles) were found within the image.

Besides storing analysis results for each image, each particle also stores the averages of per-image results. These are simple averages, which consider only images that pass the filters. Additionally, each particle stores an approximation to its flatness, which is derived from at least two valid images. If there are 0 or 1 valid images, then flatness is set to MISSING_VALUE, and appropriate quality bits are set.

3.2 Generating Time Bins

Once again, this is a different method of averaging. Once all particles were analyzed, the VAP bins them into 5-min. intervals based on capture time. Then it averages per-particle data (averages derived from images), but only for valid particles.

If there are not enough total or valid particles within the bin, all data but particle count is set to MISSING_VALUE. To be considered valid, a particle must have an appropriate fallspeed, and all of its averages must be good (no quality bits set).

If there are enough particles for the average to be considered statistically significant, then the time bin stores data.

3.3 Algorithmic Flowchart

Once again, see Appendix C for more detailed pseudocode of all steps the VAP implements.

4.0 Output Data

The VAP produces two datastream files per day. The datastream that stores data per particle is saved in files named olimascparticlesM1.c1.YYYYMMDD.hhmmss and time-binned data is saved to olimascparticlesavgM1.c1.YYYYMMDD.hhmmss. The YYYYMMDD.hhmmss is the timestamp of the first measurement in the file

First we will describe what data the VAP computes, and then describe all of the datastreams (to aid the long field descriptions within PCM).

4.1 Scientifically Relevant Variables

See Table 3 for a detailed description of all variables deemed scientifically relevant.

Symbol	Variable	Units	Description / Compute Method
	Hydrometeor timestamp	UTC timestamp	Description: Timestamp when either hydrometeor fallspeed was captured (particle data set) or the center for time bin that averaged particle data (time series data set) Compute Method: Captured
	Hydrometeor		Description: File path to each captured image file for the
	image path		hydrometeor
	Fallenaad		Compute Method: Captured
V	Fallspeed	m/s	Description: Measurement of the vertical fall speed for the captured hydrometeor
			Compute Method: Captured
D	Maximum dimension	mm	Description: The longest axis of the hydrometeor as derived from the image Compute Method: First, identify a region of interest in the image
			and fit an ellipse to it. Then, maximum dimension is the longest axis of said ellipse
A	Geometric cross-section	mm ²	Description: Cross-sectional area of the hydrometeor, excluding interior holes Compute Method: First, identify a region of interest in the image and label pixels not part of the background (relies on image brightness threshold). Then, geometric cross-section is the total number of pixels remaining within that is converted into mm ²
r	Area-equivalent radius	mm	Description: The area-equivalent radius of a circle with the same area as computed geometric cross-section A Compute Method: First, compute geometric cross-section A, then $r = \sqrt{A/\pi}$
Р	Perimeter	mm	Description : Length of hydrometeor's outer contour Compute Method: Based on the region of interest, measures which pixels are on the outside edge
θ	Orientation	degrees	Description: Angle of the longest axis away from the horizontal. Measured as absolute value in counter-clockwise direction with 0 on the right.

Table 3. Description of scientifically relevant variables.

Symbol	Variable	Units	Description / Compute Method
			Compute Method: Fits an ellipse to the region of interest, and
α	Aspect ratio	unitless	then measures the angle towards the longest axis Description: Ratio of shortest to longest axis of the hydrometeor. Represents how elongated a particle is. A cylindrical aggregate falling at an angle will tend to have a low value of α at all camera views. A crystalline snowflake will have a high value of α in one view and a low value in another Compute Method: Fit an ellipse to the region of interest, and then measure lengths of the longest <i>LA</i> and shortest <i>SA</i> axes. Then $\alpha = SA / LA$
i	Intensity	unitless	Description: Fractional intensity (in [0, 1]) of the region of interest, averaged over the image excluding the background Compute Method: For every pixel within the region of interest, excluding background, first convert its intensity into range [0, 1]. Then <i>i</i> is the mean of all these intensities
<\sigma>	Intensity variability	unitless	Description: Fractional intensity (in [0, 1]) variability of the region of interest, averaged over the image excluding background Compute Method: For every pixel within the region of interest excluding the background, compute intensity variability between that pixel and all immediately adjacent pixels (via function similar to MATLAB's rangefilt). Then convert into range [0, 1]. The variability $<\sigma>$ is the mean of all these per-pixel variabilities
X	Complexity / habit	unitless	Description: Estimate of hydrometeor complexity and riming extent based on perimeter and internal complexity. The complexity metric offers an objective measure for hydrometeor type. Riming tends to "round" and "smooth" hydrometeors leading to relatively low values of χ . Prior results from Utah suggest that values of $\chi < 1.35$ consistently correspond with lump and conical graupel. More aggregated forms have $\chi > 1.75$. Heavily rimed crystals and aggregates tend to lie in between. Compute Method: $\chi = \frac{P}{2\pi r} (1 + \langle \sigma \rangle)$ A value of $\chi = I$ translates to a perfect, homogenous circle.
φ	Flatness	unitless	Description: Estimate of how flat a hydrometeor is based on multiple angle views, unlike aspect ratio α , which represents how elongated a particle is. Compute Method: $\phi = \frac{\alpha_{max} - \alpha_{min}}{\alpha}$ where α_{min} and α_{max} are the minimum and maximum values of α from all images respectively. A value of $\phi = 0$ corresponds to a sphere.
	Rain	unitless	Description: Estimate if a hydrometeor is a rain drop. Compute Method: The rain drop is estimated based on hydrometeor intensity <i>i</i> , intensity variability $<\sigma>$ or the number of particles. If a hydrometeor meets any of the followings conditions, it is estimated as a rain drop:

Symbol	Variable	Units	Description / Compute Method
			1. Mean pixel intensity <i>i</i> of hydrometeor is > 0.3 .
			2. Mean pixel intensity variability $\langle \sigma \rangle$ of hydrometeor is $\rangle 0.3$.
			3. Number of the particles is equal or higher than 3.
			Rain value becomes 1 if hydrometeor meets any of the above
			conditions. It becomes 0 if it does not meet any of the above
			conditions. It becomes NA when not enough information is
			available to identify the hydrometer type.

K Shkurko et al., March 2018, DOE/SC-ARM-TR-187

4.2 Diagnostic Variables and Accepted Values

See **Table 4** for a detailed description of all variables deemed relevant for diagnostic purpose. ROI here means region of interest, which is computed as described in Section C.3. The table also describes how each variable is computed and what data values are considered of good quality.

Symbol	Variable	Units	Description / Compute Method / Quality Check
v	Fallspeed	m/s	Description: Fall speed of captured hydrometeor, which is also useful to identify bad data
			Compute Method: Captured
			Quality Check: $0 < v < 10$ checks for bad data
			implemented through <code>valid_min</code> and <code>valid_max</code> , $v \ < \ 5$ used
			before particle is averaged into a time bin implemented through warn_max
A	Geometric	mm ²	Description: Cross-sectional area of the hydrometeor, excluding
	cross-section		interior holes
			Compute Method: First, find the region of interest within an
			image. Then count how many non-background pixels are within
			the ROI, converted into mm
			Quality Check: 0.04 via warn_min
	Particle edge	mm	Description: For each image, stores the estimate for how much
	touch		the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies
			additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First
			counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of
			interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units
			Compute Method: First, find the region of interest within an
			image. Then count how many pixels over all with image border,
			converted into mm
	- •		Quality Check: 0.5 via warn_max
i	Intensity	unitless	Description: The value <i>i</i> from Table 3
			Quality Check: 0.2 via warn_min
<\sigma>	Intensity	unitless	Description: The value $\langle \sigma \rangle$ from Table 3
	variability		Quality Check: 0.019 via warn_min
Δy	ROI bottom,	mm	Description: Distance of the bottom of the hydrometeor from the
	vertical position		top of the image frame (excluding any cropping).
			Hydrometeors typically trigger the lower near infrared sensor
			array within a narrow range of distances from the top of the image.

Table 4.Description of diagnostic variables.

Symbol	Variable	Units	Description / Compute Method / Quality Check
			Δy is a very good first order indicator whether a hydrometeor image is obtained in a manner consistent with the instrument design
			The VAP filters particle images using this measure, so that no
			fallspeeds (and thus particles) are accepted if Δy is outside of a
			given acceptable range. The range of Δy values are best obtained
			by computing a histogram of all Δy to see where most values lie Compute Method: First, find the region of interest within an image. Then fit axis-aligned box tightly around this ROI. Then
			Δy is distance from the top of the image to the bottom bound,
			converted from pixels into mm Quality Check: 32 warn min, 36 warn max
f	ROI focus	unitless	Description : Estimate of the focus of the region of interest; a bit
J	Rollieus	unitiess	like an entropy measure
			Compute Method: Using values shown in Table 3 , $f = i \langle \sigma \rangle$
			Quality Check: A value $f > 0.01$ is a reasonable minimum
			acceptable value for scientifically valuable images
N	Num objects in		Description: Number of regions of interest in the frame, all
	frame		ignoring background pixels. Values of N greater than a threshold
			(perhaps 1) might be associated with blowing snow or coincident
			hydrometeors that confuse the fall speed measurement
			Compute Method: Simple count
	Num images for		Description: Number of camera images used to derive per-particle
	average (per		analysis averages
	particle)		Compute Method: Simple count
			Quality Check: valid_min 1 and warn_min 2 for average, 2 for flatness
	Num images for		Description: Number of camera images used to derive analysis
	average (per		averages over all particles that fall within a time bin
	time bin)		Compute Method: Simple count
			Quality Check: valid_min 10, which depends on time bin width
			(5 min. in our case). For 1 hour, should be 60
	Rain	unitless	Description: a condition that estimates if a hydrometeor is a rain
			drop
			Compute Method: If a hydrometeor meets any of the conditions mentioned in Table 3 , it is estimated as a rain drop. It gets 1, 0, or NA. 1 means the hydrometeor is most likely a rain drop, 0 means not a rain drop, and NA when image does not pass all the quality checks mentioned above.
			MASC data provides three images for the each particle id.Therefore, all three cameras should give the same value for the type of hydrometeor. The following logic is set for the rain from the rain value of each individual camera:I. Set rain value to 1 for all three images if a) rain is identified by at least two of the images, or b) rain is identified by one but two others have 0 values for the rain, c) rain is identified by one but two others are 0 and NA.II. Set rain value to 0 for all three images if a) all three images get
			0 for the rain value, or b) two get 0 and the third one gets NA.

Symbol	Variable	Units	Description / Compute Method / Quality Check
			III. Set rain value to NA for all three images if at least two of the images get NA value for the rain.

4.3 Output Datastream: masc.b1

This datastream is created as part of the raw data ingest and contains all of the raw data MASC produces: Section 2.0. See **Table 5** for descriptions of every variable and **Table 6** for associated quality variables. The dimension described in the table specifies data type that can be used to index into the array of data for each variable. When there are multiple dimensions, they are listed in order.

All images are stored as files with unique names:

olimascM1.a1.20160428.030610.png.id_00000036_cam_0.png. These names can be decrypted in the following way: <location>masc<data type>.<data level>.<date>.etime>.png.id_<flake index>_cam_<camera id>.png. The <date> is formatted yyyymmdd and <time> is formatted hhmmss. These names are not stored explicitly, but are regenerated by the VAP during runtime based on stored perparticle data, like timestamp.

Some of the attributes included within the datastream by default are left out for brevity, because they are not essential to the VAP.

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
time	UTC timestamp	Timestamp when the particle was captured by the MASC
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
snowflake_id	-	Index of the captured particle. Index may be restarted at 0 when acquisition was restarted
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
<pre>snowflake_fall_speed</pre>	m/s	Measured speed of the captured hydrometeor, v.
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
camera_id	-	An array of camera ids, one for every image that was captured. If the
		image is found, then the corresponding array entry is set to the
		camera id (like 1, etc.). Otherwise, the entry is set to missing value
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
field_of_view	mm	Horizontal field of view per pixel within the camera. This is on the
		camera resolution and lens. Can be computed information from the
		calibration: (total horizontal field of view) / (horizontal image resolution)
		Value is necessary for the VAP to convert pixel counts into units, like
		mm. It is extracted from saved copy configuration files
		Dimension: <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
crop_from_top	pixels	Number of pixels that were cropped from the top of the image (per
		camera) before being saved
		Value is necessary for the VAP to convert pixel counts into physical

 Table 5.
 Details on variables stored within the raw datastream, masc.b1.

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
		units, like mm. It is extracted from the saved copy of configuration files. Dimension: <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
crop_from_bottom	pixels	Number of pixels that were cropped from the bottom of the image (per camera) before being saved Value is necessary for the VAP to convert pixel counts into physical units, like mm. It is extracted from the saved copy of configuration files Dimension: <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
crop_from_left	pixels	Number of pixels that were cropped from the left of the image (per camera) before being saved Value is necessary for the VAP to convert pixel counts into physical units, like mm. It is extracted from the saved copy of configuration files Dimension: <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
crop_from_right	pixels	Number of pixels that were cropped from the right of the image (per camera) before being saved Value is necessary for the VAP to convert pixel counts into physical units, like mm. It is extracted from the saved copy of configuration files Dimension: <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC

Table 6.Quality variables for raw datastream, masc.b1. See Section 4.2 for more details on diagnostic
variables.

Variable

Bits / Description

qc_snowflake_fall_speed	Checks snowflake_fall_speed value
	<pre>bit 1 (bad): value = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	<pre>bit 2 (bad): value < valid_min</pre>
	<pre>bit 3 (bad): value > valid_max</pre>

4.4 Derived Datastream: mascparticles.c1

This datastream is created by the VAP as the result of analysis. It holds analysis data per particle and per each image associated with the particle. The datastream houses both types of variables described in Sections 4.1 and 4.2.

Table 7 describes all variables bits within the datastream that are stored for every image captured per particle.

 Table 8 describes all other variables in the datastream that are per-particle aggregates of the image data.

 Table 9 describes the quality of all variables within this datastream.

Some of the attributes included within the datastream by default are left out for brevity, because they are not essential to the VAP.

K Shkurko et al., March 2018, DOE/SC-ARM-TR-187

Table 7. Details on variables stored within the derived datastream, mascparticles.cl. These variables store data per image for every particle.

timeUTC timestampCopy of time variable from masc.b1 datastream in Table 5snowflake_id-Copy of snowflake_id variable from masc.b1 datastream in Table 5snowflake_fall_speedm/sCopy of snowflake_fall_speed variable from masc.b1 datastream in Table 5camera_id-Copy of camera_id variable from masc.b1 datastream in Table 5maximum_dimensionmmStores the value D per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCParticle_areamm²For each image, stores the estimate for particle area including background pixels. First counts the number of pixels in the region of interest and then converts it into physical unitsDimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCparticle_edge_touchmmFor each image, stores the estimate for how much the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical unitsDimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCstores the value Por primage as computed by the VAP, see Table 3Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCparticle_edge_touchmmmmStores the value P per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in M
snowflake_fall_speed m/s Copy of snowflake_fall_speed variable from masc.bl datastream in Table 5 camera_id - Copy of camera_id variable from masc.bl datastream in Table 5 maximum_dimension mm Stores the value D per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC Particle_area mm ² For each image, stores the estimate for particle area including background pixels. First counts the number of pixels in the region of interest and then converts it into physical units particle_edge_touch mm For each image, stores the estimate for how much the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC stores the value per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC starticle_edge_touch mm stores the value per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC store sthe value P per image as computed by the
camera_id in Table 5 camera_id - maximum_dimension mm Stores the value D per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC particle_area mm ² For each image, stores the estimate for particle area including background pixels. First counts the number of pixels in the region of interest and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC particle_edge_touch mm For each image, stores the estimate for how much the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC area_eq_radius mm mm Stores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC stores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
maximum_dimensionmmStores the value D per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC particle_area mm²For each image, stores the estimate for particle area including background pixels. First counts the number of pixels in the region of interest and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC particle_edge_touch mmFor each image, stores the estimate for how much the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC area_eq_radius mmStores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC perimeter mmStores the value P per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC particle_area mm²For each image, stores the estimate for particle area including background pixels. First counts the number of pixels in the region of interest and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC particle_edge_touch mmFor each image, stores the estimate for how much the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC area_eq_radius mmStores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC perimeter mmStores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
DerimeterImageProvide the number of pixels in the region of interest and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCparticle_edge_touchmmFor each image, stores the estimate for how much the particle overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCarea_eq_radiusmmStores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCperimetermmStores the value P per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
overlaps with the image edge. If the VAP specifies additional cropping, the image edge is moved appropriately. First counts the number of non-background pixels in the region of interest crossing the edge, and then converts it into physical units Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCarea_eq_radiusmmStores the value r per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCperimetermmStores the value P per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASCperimetermmStores the value P per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC perimeter mm Stores the value P per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
orientation dograds Stored the value drag increases an ensured how the VAD T-LL 2
orientationdegreesStores the value θ per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
aspect_ratiounitlessStores the value α per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
complexityunitlessStores the value χ per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
geometric_cross_ mm ² Stores the value A per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 section Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
mean_pixel_intensity unitless Stores the value i per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
mean_pixel_intensity_ unitless Stores the value <\sigma> per image as computed by the VAP, see Table variability 3 Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured hydrometeor). camera = 3, one for each camera in MASC
roi_focus unitless Stores the value f per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). $camera = 3$, one for each camera in MASC.
num_objects	-	Stores the value N per image as computed by the VAP, see Table 3
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
roi_position	mm	Stores the location of the center of the region of interest per image as
		computed by the VAP
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC. $xy = 2$,
		one for each x and y dimensions
roi_bot_position	mm	Stores the value Δy per image as computed by the VAP, see Table
		3
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC
roi_half_width_height	mm	Stores halves of width and height from the center of the region of
		interest per image as computed by the VAP. For example, left bound
		of ROI is: (center x) + (half width)
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC. $xy = 2$,
		one for each x and y dimensions
rain	unitless	For each image, stores the estimate for rain value, see Table 3
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor). <i>camera</i> = 3, one for each camera in MASC

Table 8.Details on variables stored within the raw datastream, mascparticles.c1. These variables store
data per particle that were computed based on per-image data in Table 7: Details on variables
are stored within the derived datastream, mascparticles.c1 These variables store data per
image for every particle.

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
<pre>num_imgs_used_avg</pre>	-	Stores number of images that were used to compute averages
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
maximum_dimension_avg	mm	Stores the average of D over per-particle images.
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
<pre>particle_area_avg</pre>	mm ²	Stores the average of particle_area over per-particle images, from
		Table 7
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
area_eq_radius_avg	mm	Stores the average r over per-particle images
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
perimeter_avg	mm	Stores the average P over per-particle images
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
orientation_avg	degrees	Stores the average θ over per-particle images
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
aspect_ratio_avg	unitless	Stores the average α over per-particle images
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
complexity_avg	unitless	Stores the average χ over per-particle images
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
geometric_cross_	mm ²	Stores the average A over per-particle images
section_avg		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
mean_pixel_	unitless	Stores the average <i>i</i> over per-particle images
intensity_avg		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
<pre>mean_pixel_intensity_</pre>	unitless	Stores the average $<\sigma>$ over per-particle images
variability_avg		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
flatness	unitless	Stores the value of computed from images stored within the particle.
		Requires at least two images
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)
rain	unitless	Stores the average of rain value over per-particle images, see Table
		4.
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus captured
		hydrometeor)

Table 9:	Quality variables for derived datastream, mascparticles.c1. See Section 4.2 for more details
	on diagnostic variables.

Bits / Description

qc_snowflake_fall_speed	<pre>bit 1 (bad): value = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	<pre>bit 2 (bad): value < valid_min</pre>
	<pre>bit 3 (bad): value > valid_max</pre>
	bit 4 (ind): value > warn_max. Filters particles before time
	binning
qc_particle_edge_touch	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	<pre>bit 2 (bad): camera_id for this camera = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn_min
	or > warn_max for that property
	<pre>bit 6 (ind): value > warn_max</pre>
qc_geometric_cross_section	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	<pre>bit 2 (bad): camera_id for this camera = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn_min
	or > warn_max for that property
	<pre>bit 6 (ind): value < warn_min</pre>

Variable

Bits / Description

qc_mean_pixel_intensity	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	<pre>bit 2 (bad): camera_id for this camera = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn_min
	or > warn_max for that property
	<pre>bit 6 (ind): value < warn_min</pre>
<pre>qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability</pre>	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	bit 2 (bad): camera_id for this camera = MISSING_VALUE
	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn_min
	or > warn max for that property
	bit 6 (ind): value < warn min
qc_roi_focus	bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE
	bit 2 (bad): camera_id for this camera = MISSING_VALUE
	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn min
	or > warn max for that property
	bit 6 (ind): round (value * 100) /100 < warn_min
qc_roi_bot_position	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	bit 2 (bad): camera id for this camera = MISSING VALUE
	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn min
	or > warn max for that property
	bit 6 (ind): value < warn_min
	bit 7 (ind): value > warn_max
qc_num_imgs_used_avg	bit 1 (bad): snowflake fall speed = MISSING VALUE
	bit 2 (bad): all camera id for this particle = MISSING VALUE
	bit 3 (bad): num objects == MISSING VALUE for all
	camera ids due to a property of the particle most in focus is <
	warn min or > warn max for that property
	bit 4 (bad): value < valid min
	bit 5 (ind): value < warn min. Could indicate not enough data
	for an average
qc num objects	bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE
	bit 2 (bad): camera id for this camera = MISSING VALUE
	bit 2 (bad): camera_id for this camera = MISSING_VALUE bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn_min
	or > warn_max for that property

Variable

Bits / Description

qc_maximum_dimension	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake fall speed = MISSING VALUE</pre>
qc_particle_area	bit 2 (bad): camera id for this camera = MISSING VALUE
qc_area_eq_radius	
qc_perimeter	bit 3 (bad): image for this camera missing
qc_orientation	bit 4 (bad): No particle detected in image
qc_aspect_ratio	bit 5 (ind): A property of the particle most in focus is < warn min
qc_complexity	
qc_roi_position	or > warn_max for that property
qc_roi_half_width_height	
qc_maximum_dimension_avg	<pre>bit 1 (bad): snowflake_fall_speed = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
<pre>qc_particle_area_avg</pre>	bit 2 (bad): all camera id for this particle = MISSING VALUE
qc_area_eq_radius_avg	
qc_perimeter_avg	<pre>bit 3 (bad): num_imgs_used = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
qc_orientation_avg	<pre>bit 4 (bad): num_imgs_used < valid_min</pre>
qc_complexity_avg	bit 5 (ind): num imgs used < warn min. Could indicate not
<pre>qc_geometric_cross_section_avg</pre>	
qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg	enough data for an average
qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg	
qc_flatnes	

4.5 Derived Datastream: mascparticlesavg.c1

This datastream is created by the VAP as the result of analysis. It holds analysis data over all particles that fall within a time bin. Effectively these are averages over variables listed in Section 4.1.

Before being considered appropriate for averaging, all particles that fall into a specific time bin are filtered according to the quality parameters outlined in Section 4.2. If a particle fails a particular test, it is not considered appropriate to be averaged and is skipped.

Table 10 describes all variables within the datastream that are stored per time bin. **Table 11** describes the quality variables for all data stored within.

Some of the attributes included within the datastream by default are left out for brevity, because they are not essential to the VAP.

Table 10.Details on variables stored within the raw datastream mascparticlesavg.cl.These variables store data per time bin that were computed based on per-image data in Table7.

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
time	UTC timestamp	Indicates the center of each time bin. The bounds attribute is set to -
		150, 150 sec. (5 min. bin width)
num_particles_total	unitless	Total number of particles that fell into this bin. Only a subset
		(counted in num_particles_for_avg) will be used to compute
		averages
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
<pre>num_particles_for_avg</pre>	unitless	Number of particles (subset of num_particles_total) that were
		used to compute the average stored in this time bin. If none, bin is
		empty and not created. The value of num_objects for at least 2 of 3
		images must be the same and equal to 1.
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)

Variable	Units	Description / Dimensions
fall_speed_avg	m/s	Average of fallspeed versus for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
<pre>maximum_dimension_avg</pre>	mm	Average of maximum dimension D for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
<pre>particle_area_avg</pre>	mm ²	Average of particle area including background for all valid particles
		within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
area_eq_radius_avg	mm	Average of area equivalent radius r for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
perimeter_avg	mm	Average of perimeter P for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
orientation_avg	degrees	Average of orientation θ for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
aspect_ratio_avg	unitless	Average of aspect ratio α for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
complexity_avg	unitless	Average of complexity χ for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
geometric_cross_	mm ²	Average of geometric cross-section A for all valid particles within
section_avg		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
mean_pixel_	unitless	Average of mean pixel intensity <i>i</i> for all valid particles within
intensity_avg		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
<pre>mean_pixel_intensity_</pre>	unitless	Average of mean pixel intensity variability $\langle \sigma \rangle$ for all valid
variability_avg		particles within
		Dimension: time, single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
flatness	unitless	Average of flatness ϕ for all valid particles within
		Dimension: <i>time</i> , single entry per timestamp (thus time bin)
		Dimensione time, single entry per timestamp (thus time only

 Table 11.
 Quality variables for derived datastream, mascparticlesavg.c1. See Section 4.2 for more details on diagnostic variables.

Variable

Bits / Description

qc_num_particles_total	<pre>bit 1 (bad): value = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
	bit 2 (ind): value = 0
qc_num_particles_for_avg	<pre>bit 1 (bad): value = MISSING VALUE</pre>
	bit 2 (ind): value < warn min. Could indicate lack of samples
	for statistically significant results
	bit 3 (ind): value = 0
qc_fall_speed_avg	Value here refers to appropriate variable
<pre>qc_maximum_dimension_avg qc particle area avg</pre>	<pre>bit 1 (bad): value = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
qc area eq radius avg	<pre>bit 2 (bad): num_particles_for_avg = MISSING_VALUE</pre>
qc_perimeter_avg	bit 3 (ind): num_particles_for_avg < warn_min. Could
qc_orientation_avg	indicate lack of samples for statistically significant results
qc_aspect_ratio_avg	bit 4 (bad): num particles for avg = 0
<pre>qc_complexity_avg qc geometric cross section avg</pre>	
40_900mcorre_cross_seccron_avg	

Variable

Bits / Description

```
qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg
qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg
qc_flatness_avg
```

5.0 Summary

The MASC captures both the fall speed and three camera views for individual hydrometeors. These measurements can be analyzed to provide information on hydrometeor properties. This document summarizes how these properties are calculated and their associated quality-control flags within the ARM MASC VAP.

6.0 Example Plots

All of the plots below were generated using ARM's dq_inspector tool applied to the VAP output. This section shows a selection of scientifically relevant variables (and their quality assessment) for particles (Section 6.1) and their averages over time (Section 6.2).

One can read these plots in the following manner. The plots show particular variables of interest as a time series (x-axis). The top portion plots the values as dots, which are colored by quality: G means good and I means indeterminate. The bottom portion shows which quality bits were set for each particular data point. If data do not pass the quality test (is set to MISSING_VALUE), then the data point is not shown on the top portion.

The colors in these plots can be deciphered as follows. Gray corresponds to lack of data. Green corresponds to data that is considered good, as in the bit associated with badness was not set. Yellow corresponds to data quality as indeterminate.

For example, if a fall speed is deemed too fast (value > valid_max), then the data is considered bad. If a number of particles used for average is low (value < warn_min), then the data is considered of indeterminate quality because it may not be statistically significant. It is up to the user to decide whether it should be ignored. One can check the actual value that quality bit checks.

6.1 Per-Particle Data, mascparticlesM1.c1 Datastream

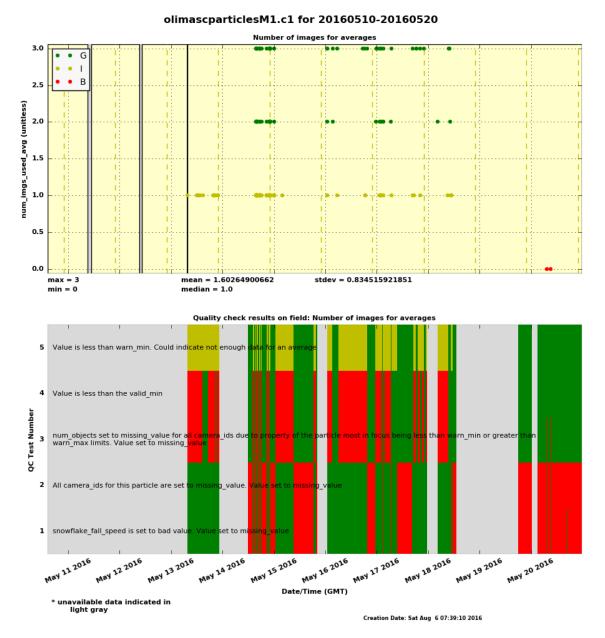
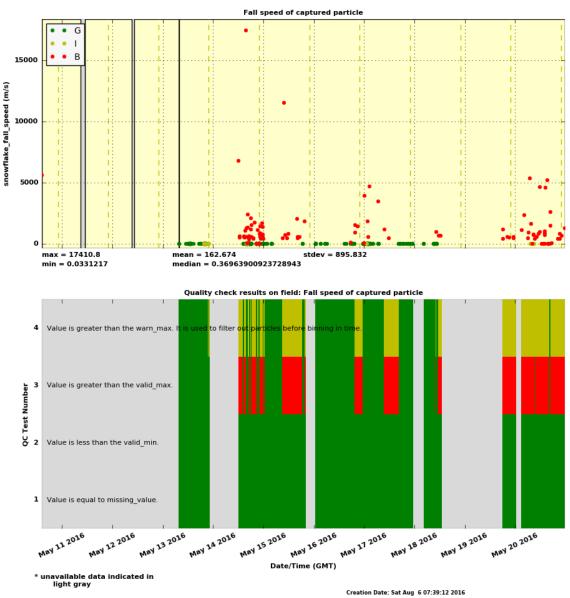


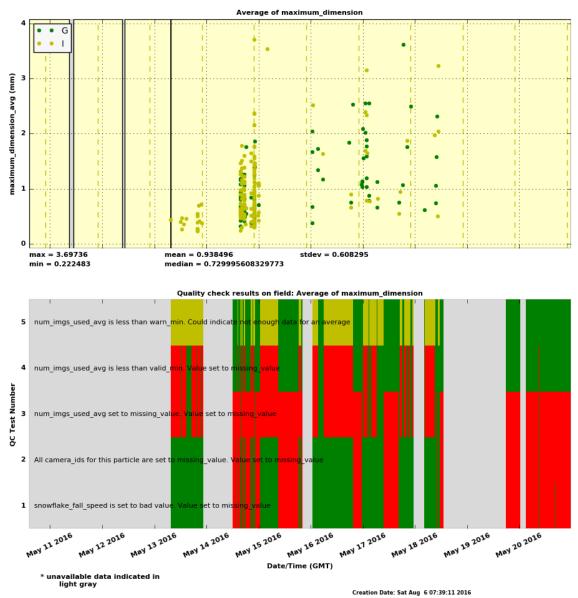
Figure 5. Retrieved number of images (of 3) used to average computed features for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.

19



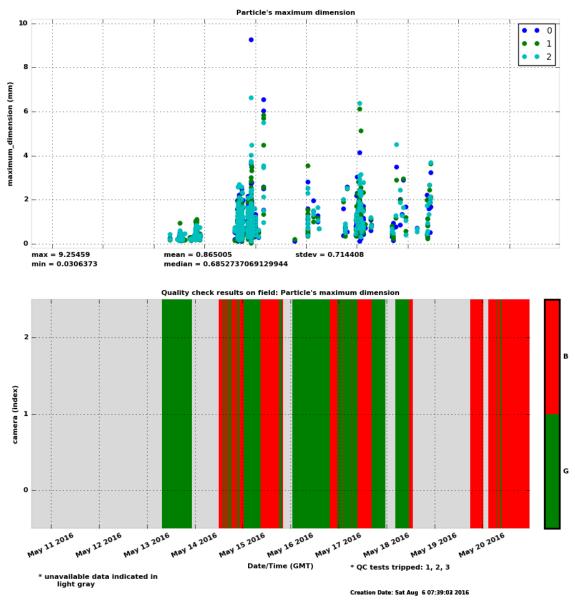
olimascparticlesM1.c1 for 20160510-20160520

Figure 6. Retrieved fall speed for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.



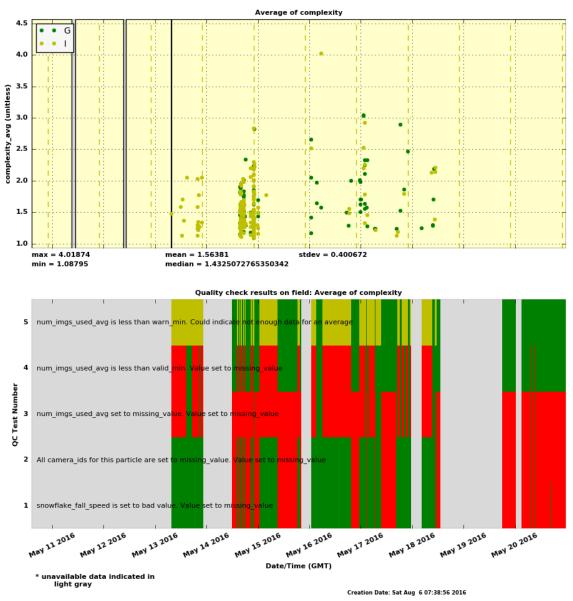
olimascparticlesM1.c1 for 20160510-20160520

Figure 7. Retrieved maximum dimension averaged over three images for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.



olimascparticlesM1.c1 for 20160510-20160520

Figure 8. Retrieved maximum dimension for each of the three images for every captured particle (top). Numbers denote camera id. All average quantities are derived from per-image data like this. Quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.



olimascparticlesM1.c1 for 20160510-20160520

Figure 9. Retrieved complexity averaged over three images for every captured particle (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 10 and May 20, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.

6.2 Bins in Time, mascparticlesavgM1.c1 Datastream

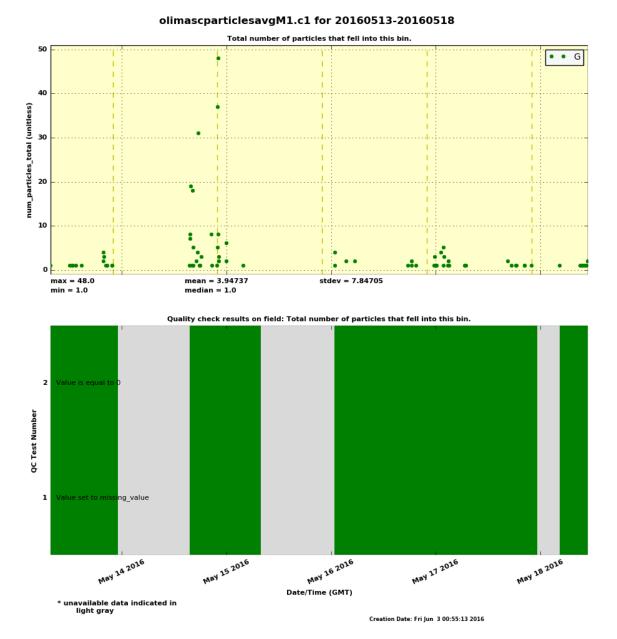
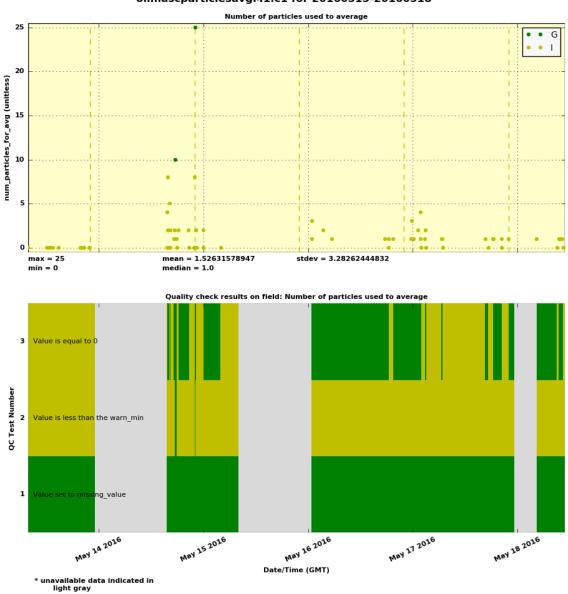


Figure 10. Retrieved total number of particles that fell into each 5-min.-wide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.

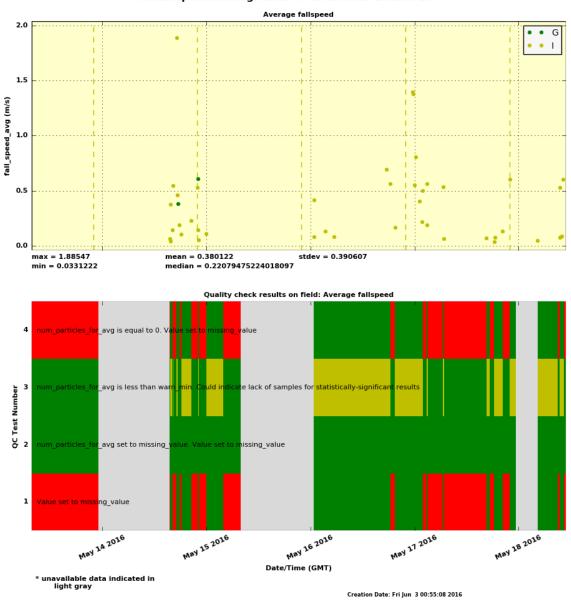


K Shkurko et al., March 2018, DOE/SC-ARM-TR-187

olimascparticlesavgM1.c1 for 20160513-20160518

Figure 11. Retrieved number of particles used to average data for each 5-min.-wide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.

Creation Date: Fri Jun 3 00:55:06 2016



olimascparticlesavgM1.c1 for 20160513-20160518

Figure 12. Retrieved average fall speed for a subset of particles that fell into each 5-min.-wide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.

olimascparticlesavgM1.c1 for 20160513-20160518

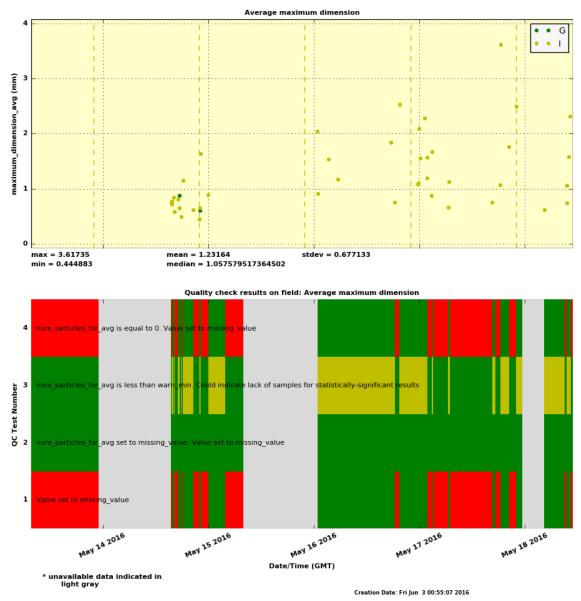
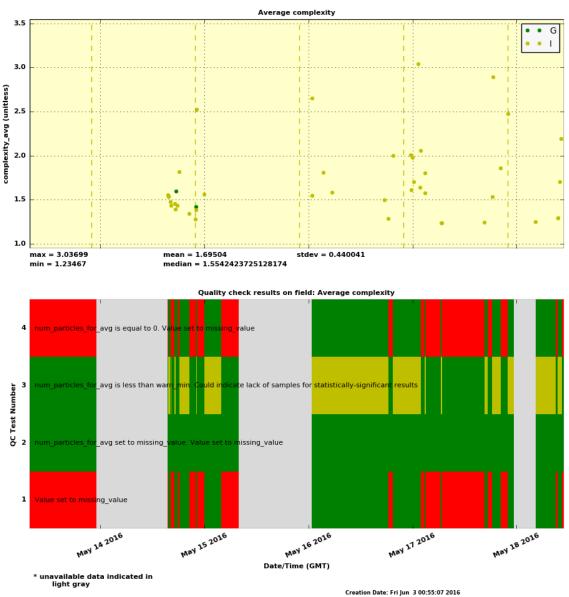


Figure 13. Retrieved average of maximum dimension for a subset of particles that fell into each 5-min.wide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.



olimascparticlesavgM1.c1 for 20160513-20160518

Figure 14. Retrieved average complexity for a subset of particles that fell into each 5-min.-wide time bin (top) and quality bits (bottom) for data captured between May 13 and May 19, 2016. See Section 6.0 for description of colors.

7.0 References

Garrett, TJ, SE Yuter, C Fallgatter, K Shkurko, SR Rhodes, and JL Endries. 2015. "Orientations and aspect ratios of falling snow." *Geophysical Research Letters* 42(11): 4617-4622, doi:10.1002/2015GL064040.

Garrett, TJ, and SE Yuter. 2014. "Observed influence of riming, temperature, and turbulence on the fallspeed of solid precipitation." *Geophysical Research Letters* 41(18): 6515-6522, doi:10.1002/2014GL061016.

Garrett, TJ, C Fallgatter, K Shkurko, and D Howlett. 2012. "Fall speed measurement and high-resolution multi-angle photography of hydrometeors in free fall." *Atmospheric Measurement Techniques* 5(11): 2625-2633, doi:10.5194/amt-5-2625-2012.

OpenCV Documentation

Fitzgibbon, A, and A Fisher. 1995. "A Buyer's Guide to Conic Fitting." *Proceedings of the 5th British Machine Vision Conference*, Birmingham, United Kingdom, pp. 513-522.

Suzuki, S, and K Abe. 1985. "Topological Structural Analysis of Digitized Binary Images by Border Following." *CVGIP* 30(1): pp 32-46.

Appendix A

Configuration XML File

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="yes"?>
<acquisitionConfiguration>
    <version val="0.156"/>
    <options>
        <maxNumCameras val="10"/>
        <maxNumCamFrames val="100"/>
        <numProcessorThreads val="0"/>
        <adapterId val="1"/>
        <COMPort val="com3"/>
        <verbose val="1"/>
    </options>
    <PNGHeader>
        <author>ARM</author>
        <copyright>null</copyright>
        <description>null</description>
    </PNGHeader>
    <statusLogOptions>
        <outStatusLogFilename val="oliMASCM1.a0.%Y%M%D.%h.raw statusLog.txt"/>
        <intervalBetChecks val="60"/>
    </statusLogOptions>
    <fileOptions>
        <outDataInfoFilename val="oliMASCM1.a0.%Y%M%D.%h.raw dataInfo.txt"/>
        <outImageInfoFilename val="oliMASCM1.a0.%Y%M%D.%h.raw imgInfo.txt"/>
        <outConfigFilename val="oliMASCM1.a0.%Y%M%D.%h.raw config.xml"/>
        <outDirectories num="1">
            <dir val=".\"/>
        </outDirectories>
        <outDirectorySplitNumFlakes val="0"/>
        <imageNameScheme val="oliMASCM1.a0.%Y%M%D.%h%m%s.id %f cam %c.png"/>
        <configFilename val="acquisitionconfig.xml"/>
    </fileOptions>
    <camDeviceConfiguration>
        <camerasInfo num="3">
            <camera id="0">
                <GUID val="08:14:43:65:00:01:00:11"/>
                <autoExposure on="0" value="40" autoMode="0"/>
                <shutter on="1" value="40" autoMode="0"/>
                <gain on="1" value="0" autoMode="0"/>
                <trigger on="1" mode="15" polarity="0" source="0"/>
                <fieldOfViewInmm val="0.0306372549"/>
                <startUpInfo>
                    <videoFormat val="VIDF 7"/>
                    <videoMode val="VIDM 0"/>
                    <camFPS val="FPS 30"/>
                    <isoChannel val="4"/>
                    <dataTransferRate val="S800"/>
                    <format7Tnfo>
                        <width val="2448"/>
                        <height val="2048"/>
                        <top val="0"/>
                        <left val="0"/>
```

```
<bottom val="0"/>
            <right val="0"/>
            <pixelFormat val="Y MONO"/>
            <packetSize val="2900"/>
            <pixelsPerFrame val="5013504"/>
            <bytesPerFrame val="5013504"/>
            <numPackets val="1729"/>
            <rawMode val="RM GBRG"/>
            <rawModeConversion val="RMC BILINEAR INTERPOLATION"/>
        </format7Info>
    </startUpInfo>
</camera>
<camera id="1">
    <GUID val="08:14:43:65:00:01:00:0f"/>
    <autoExposure on="0" value="40" autoMode="0"/>
    <shutter on="1" value="40" autoMode="0"/>
    <gain on="1" value="0" autoMode="0"/>
    <trigger on="1" mode="15" polarity="0" source="0"/>
    <fieldOfViewInmm val="0.0306372549"/>
    <startUpInfo>
        <videoFormat val="VIDF 7"/>
        <videoMode val="VIDM 0"/>
        <camFPS val="FPS 30"/>
        <isoChannel val="39"/>
        <dataTransferRate val="S800"/>
        <format7Info>
            <width val="2448"/>
            <height val="2048"/>
            <top val="0"/>
            <left val="0"/>
            <bottom val="0"/>
            <right val="0"/>
            <pixelFormat val="Y MONO"/>
            <packetSize val="2900"/>
            <pixelsPerFrame val="5013504"/>
            <bytesPerFrame val="5013504"/>
            <numPackets val="1729"/>
            <rawMode val="RM GBRG"/>
            <rawModeConversion val="RMC BILINEAR INTERPOLATION"/>
        </format7Info>
    </startUpInfo>
</camera>
<camera id="2">
    <GUID val="08:14:43:65:00:01:00:10"/>
    <autoExposure on="0" value="40" autoMode="0"/>
    <shutter on="1" value="40" autoMode="0"/>
    <gain on="1" value="0" autoMode="0"/>
    <trigger on="1" mode="15" polarity="0" source="0"/>
    <fieldOfViewInmm val="0.0306372549"/>
    <startUpInfo>
        <videoFormat val="VIDF 7"/>
        <videoMode val="VIDM 0"/>
        <camFPS val="FPS 30"/>
        <isoChannel val="47"/>
        <dataTransferRate val="S800"/>
        <format7Info>
            <width val="2448"/>
            <height val="2048"/>
            <top val="0"/>
            <left val="0"/>
            <bottom val="0"/>
            <right val="0"/>
            <pixelFormat val="Y MONO"/>
            <packetSize val="2900"/>
            <pixelsPerFrame val="5013504"/>
            <bytesPerFrame val="5013504"/>
            <numPackets val="1729"/>
            <rawMode val="RM GBRG"/>
            <rawModeConversion val="RMC BILINEAR INTERPOLATION"/>
        </format7Info>
    </startUpInfo>
```

</camera> </camerasInfo> </camDeviceConfiguration> </acquisitionConfiguration>

Figure 15. Example of configuration XML file.

Appendix **B**

Default Analysis Parameters

```
{
   // Parameters for image analysis
   "imageAnalysisParameters":
   {
       // Additional amount to crop from each image before processing. Intended to
       // remove clutter sometimes found on the edges (like infra red sensors)
       "additionalImageCrop":
        {
           "top":
                     460,
           "bottom": 360,
           "left": 600,
           "right": 600
       },
       // Threshold used to determine whether pixel should be considered as
        // background based on its intensity. Represented in range [0, 1]
       "backgroundThreshold01":
                                      0.03,
                                              // = 7.6 / 255
       // To assess flake area, internal complexities are blurred with this parameter
       // which determines the amount of dilation and erosion during image processing
       // This avoids small local discontinuities to make a single flake.
       "lineFillInMicrons":
                                       200,
       // Minimum acceptable average width for a flake (in microns)
        "minFlakeSizeInMicrons":
                                       200,
       // Maximum acceptable length for a flake to touch the image frame edge
       // (in microns)
       "maxEdgeTouchLengthInMicrons": 500,
       // Minimum acceptable maximum pixel brightness in range [0, 1]. Darker flakes
        // tend to be out of focus
       "minMaxPixelIntensity01":
                                       0.2,
       // Irregularities in the background or out-of-focus images have very low
       // internal variability. This threshold specifies the minimum variability
       // images must have
       "rangeIntensityThreshold01": 0.01961,
                                                  // = 5 / 255
        // Ignored for VAP
        "flagSaveCroppedImages":
                                       Ο,
```

```
// Flag whether to filter out of focus images. Should always be set to 1
"flagRejectOutOfFocus":
                               1,
// Threshold is a guess for the focus reject, not a hard and fast rule.
// Lower values correspond to fewer 'rejects'
"focusThreshold01":
                               0.01,
// Identify a 'sweet' spot range where 'good' triggers happen, expressible as
// a distance (in mm) from the top of the (uncropped) image. This will be
// specific to each camera and its alignment. An easy way to find values
// relies on a histogram of roi bot position for all particles.
"boundingBoxThresholdInMM":
{
    "bottomMin": 33,
    "bottomMax": 39
},
// Configuration options per camera, as set during capture. Implicitly ordered
// by camera id like 0, 1, 2
"perCamera":
[
    {
        // Horizontal FOV per pixel in microns per camera. These values are
        // for 5MP cameras with 16mm lens -> 75mm field of view for the entire
        // image
        "horizFOVPerPixelInMM": 0.030637255, // = 75mm / 2448 pixels
        // Amount the image from this camera was cropped before being saved to
        // disk.
        "cropAtCapture":
        {
            "top":
                      Ο,
            "bottom": 0,
            "left":
                      Ο,
            "right": 0
        }
    },
    {
        "horizFOVPerPixelInMM": 0.030637255,
        "cropAtCapture":
        {
            "top":
                      Ο,
            "bottom": 0,
            "left":
                      Ο,
            "right": 0
        }
    },
    {
        "horizFOVPerPixelInMM": 0.030637255,
        "cropAtCapture":
        {
            "top":
                      Ο,
            "bottom": 0,
            "left":
                      Ο,
            "right": 0
        }
    }
```

```
],
},
// Parameters for averaging particle data into time bins
"timeBinningParameters":
{
    // How wide is each time bin in seconds
   "binWidthInSec":
                              300,
   // Maximum particle fallspeed required for the particle to be averaged into a
   // bin (m/s). If particle travels faster, it is ignored during average
    // computation
    "maxFallSpeedInMetersPS": 5,
    // Minimum number of particles used for average required for stats to be
   // 'good'. Technically this value depends on how wide time bins are (for an
    // hour, 60 is suggested)
    "minNumParticlesPerBin": 10
}
```

Figure 16. Example of the JSON configuration file used by the VAP to identify default values for parameters needed for processing. Note that valid_min, valid_max, warn_min, and warn_max values within appropriate datastreams will replace these before actual computation. Comments next to each variable indicate usage. The final values used by the VAP are written into anal_config_json global attribute within mascparticlesM1.c1 datastream.

}

Appendix C

Algorithm Pseudocode

The pseudocode for the entire VAP, starting with the entry point and running through image analysis and aggregations into per-particle and per-time-bin outputs.

C.1 Processing Entry Point

```
Get input datastream, masc.bl
Get output datastreams, mascparticles.c1, mascparticlesavg.c1
Load filter values for diagnostic parameters
Load default analysis configuration parameters from defImgAnlParams.json
configuration, and replace appropriate parameters with filter values
all particles = []
Loop over all read entries (particles) in masc.bl:
      Clear appropriate output particle data in mascparticles.c1
I.
      Create particle structure
      Loop over all cameras (3):
      Build image filename given particle information
             If the file exists, add filename into particle structure and count as
      good image
      If number of good images == 0, continue onto next particle
      Analyze particle
      Loop over all images in particle:
Set per-image output data in mascparticles.cl datastream for this
      particle
      Set per-particle aggregate data in mascparticles.cl datastream for this
particle
      Add particle into all particles list
Bin particles within all particles list
If have some bins:
      Build array of bin centers
      Allocate data for all bins
Loop over all bins:
      If bin is not empty:
             Set output bin data in mascparticlesavg.cl datastream for this bin
```

C.2 Analyzing a Particle

This describes a function call (Analyze particle above) that is applied to individual particle structures, which holds particle data gathered from masc.b1 (image structures, fallspeed, etc.) and aggregated image analysis. Each image structure holds image filename and image analysis parameters.

The averaging only averages images that have passed the quality checks. This may result in no images averaged successfully, even though each image may have some analysis parameters saved.

C.3 Analyzing a Single Image

This function (Analyze image above) is the heart of the processing.

```
Input: image structure
Output: analysis parameters
_____
Load image based on filename
Mask out background:
   Crop the image an additional amount (based on analysis configuration)
   Set all background pixels to back threshold
Otsu thresholding:
      Apply gaussian blur
      Threshold (binary + otsu) - see Otsu's binarization here:
http://docs.opencv.org/trunk/d7/d4d/tutorial py thresholding.html#gsc.tab=0
      Find edges using Canny. Returns image with edges in it
      Dilate the edges
      Find contours in dilated image and fill them
      Erode result and return
Mark non-background pixels (save as per-pixel mask)
Compute intensity range per pixel (max-min within 3x3 neighborhood of pixels)
Find contours in eroded image
                                // contour is ROI
Loop over each contour:
      Create image mask with filled in contour
L
      Analyze image within contour
      Compute features used for quality checks (via thresholding)
1
      If features pass thresholds, set appropriate quality flag
Т
Return analysis features
```

C.4 Image Feature Computation

This describes the function (Analyze image within contour above) that is applied to each contour within the image. The image analysis, which relies on OpenCV, results in all features, both scientific and diagnostic, as reported by the VAP. See Python code below for more details.

```
Input: image, feature contour to analyze, mask identifying non-background pixels
Output: image features
------
# Figure out offsets due to image cropping at capture to offset things
leftOffset, topOffset
# get bounding box (x, y, w, h)
# (x, y) is top left corner of the box
     = list(cv2.boundingRect(contour))
aabb
aabb[0] += leftOffset
aabb[1] += topOffset
# area (number of pixels within the contour)
contourArea = cv2.countNonZero(contourMask)
# perimeter
contourPerimeter = cv2.arcLength(contour, True)
# fit ellipse ((x, y), (major, minor), angle)
ellipse = list(cv2.fitEllipse(contour))
             = list(ellipse[0])
ellipse[0]
ellipse[0][0] += leftOffset
ellipse[0][1] += topOffset
# mask of non-background pixels within our contour
contourNonBackMask = cv2.bitwise and(contourMask, nonBackMask)
# number of pixels brighter than background within our mask
flakeArea = cv2.countNonZero(contourNonBackMask)
# average intensity of the flake
flakeIntensity = cv2.mean(self._image, mask = contourNonBackMask)
flakeIntensity = flakeIntensity[0] / 255.
# maximum intensity of the flake
m, maxIntensity, ml, Ml = cv2.minMaxLoc(self. image, mask = contourNonBackMask)
maxIntensity = maxIntensity / 255.
# get the range of this flake's intensity
rangeIntensity = cv2.mean(imgIntensityRange, mask = contourNonBackMask)
rangeIntensity = rangeIntensity[0] / 255.
# fraction of enclosed area that is brighter than the background
partialArea = cv2.countNonZero(contourNonBackMask) / float(contourArea)
# estimate for a degree of focus, on the basis that in focus flakes are both
# bright and variable
focus = flakeIntensity * rangeIntensity
areaFocus = flakeArea * focus
# length of flake that touches edge of image frame
borderContour = cv2.bitwise and(contourMask, contourMask, mask = borderPixels)
edgeTouch
           = cv2.countNonZero(borderContour)
```

Figure 17. Python code that uses OpenCV to compute features returned by the VAP. This function analyzes a particular contour within the image.

C.5 Aggregating Particles into Bins

This describes the function (**Bin particles** above) that is applied to a list of particles that has been successfully analyzed. Particles that have no average values associated with them, will be ignored from being averaged. This will be marked appropriately in the particle counters per bin. If no particles overlap with a bin, it is not generated.

```
Input: list of particles
Output: list of bins
Find min and max time for input particles
bin list = Initialize bins that span the input range (all bins here are empty)
particles to avg = []
current bin id = -1
Loop over all particles:
      particle bin = Project particle into bins
I.
      if particle_bin == current_bin_id:
             add particle to particles to avg
else:
bin list[current bin id] = Average particles to avg
             current bin id = particle bin
particles to avg = particle
if current bin id:
      bin list[current bin id] = Average particles to avg
return bin list
```

In this case, the Average function called several times above, actually performs the average of particle analysis data.

```
Input: list of particles
Output: average
num_good = 0
Loop over all particles:
| If particle passes filter, num_good += 1
If num_good == 0, return NULL
Reset ave_values
Loop over all particles:
| If particle passes filter, accumulate into ave_values
Compute flatness within ave_values
Return ave_values / num_good
```

Appendix D

NetCDF Header for mascparticlesM1.c1

```
An example header from the MASC FLAKE ANAL VAP is given below:
netcdf olimascparticlesM1.c1.20160301.065053 {
dimensions:
        time = UNLIMITED ; // (51 currently)
        num elems roi position = 2 ;
        camera = 3;
variables:
        int base time ;
                base time:string = "2016-03-01 00:00:00 0:00";
                base time:long name = "Base time in Epoch" ;
                base time:units = "seconds since 1970-1-1 0:00:00 0:00";
                base_time:ancillary_variables = "time_offset" ;
        double time offset(time) ;
                time offset:long name = "Time offset from base time" ;
                time offset:units = "seconds since 2016-03-01 00:00:00 0:00";
                time offset:ancillary variables = "base time" ;
        double time(time) ;
                time:long name = "Time offset from midnight" ;
                time:units = "seconds since 2016-03-01 00:00:00 0:00";
                time:calendar = "gregorian" ;
                time:standard name = "time" ;
        int snowflake id(time) ;
                snowflake id:long name = "Snowflake ID number" ;
                snowflake id:units = "unitless" ;
                snowflake id:source = "olimascM1.b1:snowflake id" ;
        float snowflake fall speed(time) ;
                snowflake fall speed:long name = "Fall speed of captured particle" ;
                snowflake fall speed:units = "m/s" ;
                snowflake_fall_speed:source = "olimascM1.b1:snowflake_fall_speed" ;
                snowflake_fall_speed:valid_min = 0.f ;
                snowflake_fall_speed:valid_max = 10.f ;
                snowflake_fall_speed:warn_max = 5.f ;
                snowflake_fall_speed:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                snowflake_fall_speed:ancillary_variables = "qc_snowflake_fall_speed" ;
                snowflake fall speed:comment = "Fall speed of captured particle. Note
the warn max check is an additional check, which is necessary for averaging particle
analysis into time bins, so if it fails the data is still ok" ;
        int qc_snowflake_fall_speed(time) ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Fall speed of captured particle" ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_snowflake_fall_speed:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:flag method = "bit" ;
```

```
qc_snowflake_fall_speed:bit 1 description = "Value is equal to
missing value." ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:bit 2 description = "Value is less than the
valid min." ;
                qc_snowflake_fall_speed:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:bit 3 description = "Value is greater than the
valid max." ;
                qc_snowflake_fall_speed:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_snowflake_fall_speed:bit_4_description = "Value is greater than the
warn max. It is used to filter out particles before binning in time." ;
                qc snowflake fall speed:bit 4 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        int camera id(time, camera) ;
                camera_id:long_name = "Camera ID of image taken" ;
                camera id:units = "unitless" ;
                camera id:source = "olimascM1.b1:camera id" ;
                camera id:missing value = -9999 ;
        float maximum dimension(time, camera) ;
                maximum_dimension:long_name = "Particle\'s maximum dimension" ;
                maximum dimension:units = "mm" ;
                maximum_dimension:ancillary_variables = "qc_maximum_dimension" ;
                maximum_dimension:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                maximum dimension:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                maximum dimension:comment = "Maximum dimension of the particle in the
image. Is major axis of best-fit ellipse.";
        int qc maximum dimension(time, camera) ;
                qc maximum dimension:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Particle\'s maximum dimension" ;
                qc maximum dimension:units = "unitless" ;
                qc maximum dimension:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc maximum dimension:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set
to bad value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_maximum_dimension:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this camera
is missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in
image. Value set to missing value";
                qc maximum dimension:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc maximum dimension:bit 5 description = "A property of the particle
most in focus is less than warn_min or greater than warn_max limit." ;
                qc_maximum_dimension:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float particle_area(time, camera);
                particle area:long name = "Particle area" ;
                particle_area:units = "mm^2" ;
                particle_area:ancillary_variables = "qc_particle_area" ;
particle_area:comment = "Area of a particle including interior holes,
unlike geometric_cross_section" ;
                particle area:missing value = -9999.f ;
                particle_area:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
        int qc particle area(time, camera) ;
                qc_particle_area:long_name = "Quality check results on field: Particle
area" ;
                qc particle area:units = "unitless" ;
                qc particle area:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
```

```
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc particle area:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc particle area: bit 1 description = "snowflake fall speed is set to
bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_particle_area:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_particle_area:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this camera set to
missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_particle_area:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_particle_area:bit_3_description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_particle_area:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc particle area:bit 4 description = "No particle detected in image.
Value set to missing_value";
                qc_particle_area:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc particle area:bit 5 description = "A property of the particle most
in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                qc_particle_area:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float particle edge touch(time, camera) ;
                particle edge touch:long name = "Particle overlap with image edge" ;
                particle_edge_touch:units = "mm" ;
                particle_edge_touch:ancillary_variables = "qc_particle_edge_touch" ;
                particle_edge_touch:warn_max = 0.5f ;
                particle edge touch:missing value = -9999.f ;
                particle edge touch:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                particle edge touch:comment = "How much of the particle overlaps with
the image edge. Measured as the length along the perimeter accounting for all sides."
        int qc particle edge touch(time, camera) ;
                qc particle edge touch:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Particle overlap with image edge" ;
                qc particle edge touch:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is
qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_2_description = "camera id for this camera
set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc particle edge touch:bit 3 description = "Image file for this camera
is missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value";
                qc particle edge touch:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc particle edge touch:bit 4 description = "No particle detected in
image. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_5_description = "A property of the particle
most in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit.";
                qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc particle edge touch:bit 6 description = "Value is greater than
warn max" ;
                qc_particle_edge_touch:bit_6_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float area eq radius (time, camera);
                area_eq_radius:long_name = "Particle\'s area equivalent radius" ;
                area eq radius:units = "mm" ;
                area_eq_radius:ancillary_variables = "qc area eq radius" ;
                area eq radius:missing value = -9999.f ;
                area eq radius:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                area_eq_radius:comment = "Area equivalent radius of the flake. Radius
of a circle that has the same area as the flake (excluding background pixels)" ;
```

```
int qc_area_eq radius(time, camera) ;
                qc area eq radius:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Particle\'s area equivalent radius" ;
                qc area eq radius:units = "unitless" ;
                qc area eq radius:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc area eq radius:flag method = "bit" ;
qc area eq radius:bit 2 description = "camera id for this camera set
to missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_area_eq_radius:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius:bit_3_description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc area eq radius:bit 4 description = "No particle detected in image.
Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius:bit_5_description = "A property of the particle most
in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                qc area eq radius:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float perimeter(time, camera) ;
                perimeter:long name = "Particle perimeter" ;
               perimeter:units = "mm";
               perimeter:ancillary_variables = "qc perimeter" ;
               perimeter:missing value = -9999.f ;
               perimeter:cell methods = "time: point" ;
        int gc perimeter(time, camera) ;
                qc perimeter:long name = "Quality check results on field: Particle
perimeter" ;
                qc perimeter:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_perimeter:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc perimeter:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_perimeter:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to bad
value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_perimeter:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_perimeter:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this camera set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc perimeter:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc perimeter:bit 3 description = "image file for this camera is
missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_perimeter:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_perimeter:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in image. Value
set to missing_value" ;
                qc_perimeter:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_perimeter:bit_5_description = "A property of the particle most in
focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                qc_perimeter:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float orientation(time, camera) ;
                orientation:long name = "Particle orientation" ;
                orientation:units = "degree" ;
               orientation:ancillary_variables = "qc orientation" ;
                orientation:missing value = -9999.f ;
                orientation:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                orientation:comment = "Particle orientation. Measures absolute value
of angle from horizontal to the major axis of best-fit ellipse." ;
        int qc orientation(time, camera) ;
```

```
qc orientation:long name = "Quality check results on field: Particle
orientation" ;
                qc orientation:units = "unitless" ;
                qc orientation:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc orientation:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_orientation:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to bad
qc orientation:bit 2 description = "camera id for this camera set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc orientation:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_orientation:bit_3_description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc orientation:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc orientation:bit 4 description = "No particle detected in image.
Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_orientation:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_orientation:bit_5_description = "A property of the particle most in
focus is less than warn_min or greater than warn_max limit." ;
                qc_orientation:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float aspect ratio(time, camera) ;
                aspect ratio:long name = "Particle aspect ratio" ;
                aspect ratio:units = "unitless" ;
                aspect_ratio:ancillary_variables = "qc aspect ratio" ;
                aspect_ratio:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                aspect_ratio:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
                aspect ratio:comment = "Particle aspect ratio = minor axis / major
axis, where each comes from best-fit ellipse";
        int qc aspect ratio(time, camera) ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:long_name = "Quality check results on field: Particle
aspect ratio" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc aspect ratio:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to
bad value. Value set to \ensuremath{\mathtt{missing\_value"}} ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc aspect ratio:bit 2 description = "camera id for this camera set to
missing_value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_3_description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in image.
Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_aspect_ratio:bit_5_description = "A property of the particle most
in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit.";
                qc_aspect_ratio:bit_5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float complexity(time, camera);
                complexity:long_name = "Particle complexity" ;
                complexity:units = "unitless" ;
                complexity:ancillary_variables = "qc complexity" ;
                complexity:missing value = -9999.f ;
                complexity:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                complexity:comment = "Particle complexity = perimeter / (2pi *
area eq radius) * (1 + mean pixel intensity variability)";
```

```
int qc complexity(time, camera) ;
                qc complexity:long name = "Quality check results on field: Particle
complexity" ;
                qc complexity:units = "unitless" ;
                qc complexity:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_complexity:flag_method = "bit" ;
qc_complexity:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to bad
value. Value set to missing_value";
                qc complexity:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc complexity:bit 2 description = "camera id for this camera set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_complexity:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc complexity:bit 3 description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_complexity:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
        float geometric cross section(time, camera) ;
                geometric cross section:long name = "Particle geometric cross section"
;
                geometric_cross_section:units = "mm^2" ;
                geometric_cross_section:ancillary_variables =
"qc geometric cross section" ;
                geometric cross section:comment = "Area of a particle excluding any
holes, unlike particle area";
                geometric cross section:warn min = 0.04f ;
                geometric_cross_section:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                geometric_cross_section:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
        int qc geometric cross section(time, camera) ;
                qc geometric cross section:long name = "Quality check results on
field: Particle geometric cross section";
                qc_geometric_cross section:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section:description = "This field contains bit
packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section:flag_method = "bit" ;
qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed
qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this
camera set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value";
                qc geometric cross section:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc geometric cross section:bit 3 description = "Image file for this
camera is missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value";
                qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_4_description = "No particle detected
in image. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_5_description = "A property of the
particle most in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc geometric cross section:bit 6 description = "Value is less than
warn_min" ;
                qc geometric cross section:bit 6 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float mean_pixel_intensity(time, camera) ;
                mean_pixel_intensity:long_name = "Particle mean pixel intensity" ;
                mean pixel intensity:units = "unitless" ;
                mean pixel intensity:ancillary variables = "qc mean pixel intensity" ;
                mean pixel intensity:warn min = 0.2f ;
                mean_pixel_intensity:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                mean pixel intensity:cell methods = "time: point" ;
```

```
mean pixel intensity:comment = "Mean pixel intensity of the particle
most in focus within the image. Ignores background pixels";
        int qc mean pixel intensity(time, camera) ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Particle mean pixel intensity";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:units = "unitless" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                 qc mean pixel intensity:flag method = "bit" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity:bit 1 description = "snowflake fall speed is
set to bad value. Value set to missing_value";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this camera
set to missing value. Value set to missing value";
                 qc mean pixel intensity:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity:bit 3 description = "Image file for this
camera is missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in
image. Value set to missing value" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_mean_pixel_intensity:bit_5_description = "A property of the
particle most in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity: bit 6 description = "Value is less than the
warn_min" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity:bit 6 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
         float mean pixel intensity variability(time, camera) ;
                 mean pixel intensity variability:long name = "Variability of
particle\'s mean pixel intensity" ;
                 mean_pixel_intensity variability:units = "unitless" ;
                 mean pixel intensity variability:ancillary variables =
"qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability";
                 mean_pixel_intensity_variability:warn_min = 0.019f ;
                 mean_pixel_intensity_variability:missing_value = -9999.f ;
mean_pixel_intensity_variability:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
    mean_pixel_intensity_variability:comment = "Variability of the mean
pixel intensity of the particle most in focus within the image. Ignores background
pixels" ;
        int qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability(time, camera) ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:long_name = "Quality check results"
on field: Variability of particle\'s mean pixel intensity";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity variability:units = "unitless" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity variability:description = "This field contains
bit packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero
bits indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0
(no bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:flag_method = "bit" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:bit_1_description =
"snowflake fall speed is set to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:bit_2_description = "camera_id for
this camera set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:bit_3_description = "Image file
for this camera is missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity variability:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                 qc mean pixel intensity variability:bit 4 description = "No particle
detected in image. Value set to missing value";
                 qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
```

```
qc mean pixel intensity variability:bit 5 description = "A property of
the particle most in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit.";
                qc mean pixel intensity variability:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate"
;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability:bit 6 description = "Value is less
than the warn min" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability:bit 6 assessment = "Indeterminate"
;
        float roi focus(time, camera) ;
                roi focus:long name = "Focus estimate for region of interest" ;
                roi focus:units = "unitless" ;
                roi focus:ancillary variables = "qc roi focus" ;
                roi focus:warn min = 0.01f ;
                roi_focus:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                roi focus:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                roi focus:comment = "Focus estimate for region of interest =
mean pixel intensity * mean pixel intensity variability. Quality bit set to bad when
focus below warn min (data still kept)";
        int qc roi focus(time, camera) ;
                qc_roi_focus:long_name = "Quality check results on field: Focus
estimate for region of interest";
                qc_roi_focus:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_roi_focus:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_roi_focus:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc_roi_focus:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to bad
value. Value set to missing value";
                qc roi focus:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc roi focus:bit 2 description = "camera id for this camera set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_roi_focus:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc roi focus:bit 3 description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_roi_focus:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_roi_focus:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in image. Value
set to missing_value" ;
                qc_roi_focus:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_roi_focus:bit_5_description = "A property of the particle most in
focus is less than warn_min or greater than warn_max limit." ;
                qc_roi_focus:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc_roi_focus:bit_6_description = "Value is less than the warn_min.
Check uses formula: round(roi focus * 100)/100 < warn min";
                qc roi focus:bit 6 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        int num objects(time, camera) ;
                num_objects:long_name = "Number of objects within image" ;
                num objects:units = "unitless" ;
                num_objects:ancillary_variables = "qc num objects" ;
                num_objects:missing_value = -9999 ;
                num objects:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                num objects:comment = "Number of objects found within this image. The
stored analysis values are for the particle most in focus";
        int qc num objects(time, camera) ;
                qc_num_objects:long_name = "Quality check results on field: Number of
objects within image" ;
                qc num objects:units = "unitless" ;
                qc num objects:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_num_objects:flag_method = "bit" ;
```

```
qc_num_objects:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to bad
value. Value set to missing value";
               qc num objects:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc num objects:bit 2 description = "camera id for this camera set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_num_objects:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_num_objects:bit_3_description = "Image file for this camera is
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_num_objects:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc num objects:bit 4 description = "No particle detected in image.
Value set to missing value" ;
                qc num objects:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc num objects:bit 5 description = "A property of the particle most in
focus is less than warn_min or greater than warn_max limit. Value set to
missing_value" ;
                qc num objects:bit 5 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float roi position(time, camera, num elems roi position) ;
               roi position:long name = "Position of center of region of interest" ;
               roi position:units = "mm" ;
                roi position:ancillary variables = "qc roi position" ;
                roi_position:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                roi_position:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
                roi position:comment = "Region of interest, position (x,y) to the
center of ROI measured from top-left corner of the image." ;
        int qc roi position(time, camera, num elems roi position) ;
                qc roi position:long name = "Quality check results on field: Position
of center of region of interest" ;
                qc_roi_position:units = "unitless" ;
                qc roi position:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_roi_position:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc_roi_position:bit_1_description = "snowflake fall speed is set to
bad value. Value set to missing_value" ;
               qc_roi_position:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_roi_position:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this camera set to
missing (can/'t be opened). Value set to missing value";
                qc_roi_position:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_roi_position:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in image.
Value set to missing value" ;
                qc roi position:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc roi position:bit 5 description = "A property of the particle most
in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                qc_roi_position:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float roi bot position(time, camera) ;
                roi_bot_position:long_name = "Location of region of interest\'s bottom
border" ;
                roi bot position:units = "mm" ;
               roi bot position: ancillary variables = "qc roi bot position";
                roi bot position:warn min = 32.f ;
               roi_bot_position:warn_max = 36.f ;
               roi bot position:missing_value = -9999.f ;
               roi_bot_position:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
                roi bot position:comment = "Region of interest, location of the bottom
border. Measured from top of the image.";
        int gc roi bot position(time, camera) ;
                qc roi bot position:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Location of region of interest\'s bottom border" ;
                qc roi bot position:units = "unitless" ;
```

```
qc roi bot position:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc_roi_bot_position:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set
to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_2_description = "camera_id for this camera set
missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in
image. Value set to missing value";
                qc roi bot position:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc roi bot position:bit 5 description = "A property of the particle
most in focus is less than warn min or greater than warn max limit." ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_6_description = "Value is less than the
warn min" ;
                qc_roi_bot_position:bit_6_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc roi bot position:bit 7 description = "Value is greater than the
warn max" ;
        qc_roi_bot_position:bit_7_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
float roi_half_width_height(time, camera, num_elems_roi_position) ;
                roi_half_width_height:long_name = "Half width and height of region of
interest" ;
                roi half width height:units = "mm" ;
                roi half width height:ancillary variables = "qc roi half width height"
;
                roi half width height:missing value = -9999.f ;
                roi_half_width_height:cell_methods = "time: point" ;
        int qc_roi_half_width_height(time, camera, num_elems_roi_position) ;
                qc_roi_half_width_height:long_name = "Quality check results on field:
Half width and height of region of interest" ;
                qc_roi_half_width_height:units = "unitless" ;
                qc roi half width height:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc roi half width height:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc roi half width height:bit 1 description = "snowflake fall speed is
set to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc roi half width height:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc roi half width height:bit 2 description = "camera id for this
camera set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_roi_half_width_height:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_roi_half_width_height:bit_3_description = "Image file for this
camera is missing (can\'t be opened). Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_roi_half_width_height:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_roi_half_width_height:bit_4_description = "No particle detected in
qc roi half width height:bit 5 description = "A property of the
particle most in focus is less than warn_min or greater than warn_max limit." ;
                qc_roi_half_width_height:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        int rain(time, camera) ;
                rain:long name = "Hydrometeor is a rain drop" ;
                rain:units = "unitless" ;
                rain:description = "This field estimates the rain value. becomes 1 if
hydrometeor meets any of the above conditions. Rain value of 1 means the hydrometeor
```

```
is most likely a rain drop, 0 means not a rain drop, and NA mans not enough info are
available to identify the hydrometer type." ;
        int num imgs used avg(time) ;
                num_imgs_used_avg:long_name = "Number of images for averages" ;
                num_imgs_used_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                num imgs used avg:ancillary variables = "qc num imgs used avg" ;
                num imgs used avg:valid min = 1 ;
                num imgs used avg:warn min = 2 ;
                num_imgs_used_avg:missing_value = -9999 ;
                num imgs used avg:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                num imgs used avg:comment = "Number of images used to compute per-
snowflake averages (all variables named * avg). Only images that pass quality checks
are considered" ;
        int qc_num_imgs_used avg(time) ;
                qc num imgs used avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Number of images for averages" ;
                qc num imgs used avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:flag_method = "bit" ;
qc_num_imgs_used_avg:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set
to bad value. Value set to missing_value";
                qc num imgs used avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc num imgs used avg:bit 2 description = "All camera ids for this
particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:bit_3_description = "num_objects set to
missing value for all camera ids due to property of the particle most in focus being
less than warn min or greater than warn max limits. Value set to missing value";
                qc num imgs used avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc num imgs used avg:bit 4 description = "Value is less than the
valid min" ;
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:bit_5_description = "Value is less than warn_min.
Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc_num_imgs_used_avg:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float maximum dimension avg(time) ;
                maximum dimension avg:long name = "Average of maximum dimension" ;
                maximum_dimension_avg:units = "mm" ;
                maximum_dimension_avg:ancillary_variables = "qc_maximum_dimension_avg"
;
                maximum dimension avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                maximum dimension avg:cell methods = "camera: mean" ;
                maximum dimension avg:comment = "Average of maximum dimension value
for all images which passed quality check." ;
        int qc_maximum_dimension_avg(time) ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Average of maximum dimension" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:flag method = "bit"
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is
set to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 2 description = "All camera ids for this
particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
```

```
qc_maximum_dimension_avg:bit_3_description = "num_imgs_used_avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 4 description = "num imgs used avg is
less than valid min. Value set to missing value";
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is
less than warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float particle area avg(time) ;
                particle area avg:long name = "Average of particle area" ;
                particle area avg:units = "mm^2";
                particle area avg:ancillary variables = "qc particle area avg" ;
                particle_area_avg:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                particle_area_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
                particle area avg:comment = "Average of particle area for all images
which passed quality check" ;
        int qc particle area avg(time) ;
                qc particle area avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Average of particle area" ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc_particle_area_avg:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc particle area avg:bit 1 description = "snowflake fall speed is set
to bad value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc particle area avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:bit_2_description = "All camera_ids for this
particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc particle area avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:bit_3_description = "num_imgs used avg set to
missing_value. Value set to missing_value";
                qc_particle_area_avg:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:bit_4_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less
than valid min. Value set to missing value" ;
qc_particle_area_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
    qc_particle_area_avg:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less
than warn_min. Could indicate not enough data for an average" ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float area_eq_radius_avg(time) ;
                area_eq_radius_avg:long_name = "Average of area_eq_radius" ;
                area eq radius avg:units = "mm";
                area eq radius avg:ancillary variables = "qc area eq radius avg" ;
                area eq radius avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                area_eq_radius_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
                area_eq_radius_avg:comment = "Average of area_eq_radius value for all
images which passed quality check" ;
        int qc_area_eq_radius_avg(time) ;
                qc_area_eq_radius_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on field:
Average of area_eq_radius" ;
                qc area eq radius avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc area eq radius avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_area_eq_radius_avg:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius_avg:bit_1_description = "snowflake fall speed is set
to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc area eq radius avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius_avg:bit_2_description = "All camera ids for this
particle are set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
```

```
qc area eq radius avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc area eq radius avg:bit 3 description = "num imgs used avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc area eq radius avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc area eq radius avg:bit 4 description = "num imgs used avg is less
than valid min. Value set to missing value";
                qc_area_eq_radius_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_area_eq_radius_avg:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc area eq radius avg:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float perimeter avg(time) ;
               perimeter_avg:long_name = "Average of perimeter" ;
                perimeter avg:units = "mm" ;
               perimeter_avg:ancillary_variables = "qc_perimeter_avg" ;
               perimeter avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
               perimeter_avg:cell methods = "camera: mean" ;
               perimeter avg:comment = "Average of perimeter value for all images
which passed quality check" ;
       int qc_perimeter_avg(time) ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on field: Average
of perimeter" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc perimeter avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to
bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc perimeter avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 2 description = "All camera ids for this particle
are set to missing_value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit_3_description = "num imgs used avg set to
missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit_4_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less than
valid_min. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 5 description = "num imgs used avg is less than
warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float orientation_avg(time) ;
               orientation avg:long name = "Average of orientation" ;
                orientation avg:units = "degree" ;
                orientation avg:ancillary variables = "qc orientation avq";
                orientation avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                orientation_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
               orientation_avg:comment = "Average of orientation value for all images
which passed quality check";
        int qc orientation avg(time) ;
                gc orientation avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Average of orientation" ;
                qc orientation avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc orientation avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc orientation avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc orientation avg:bit 1 description = "snowflake fall speed is set to
bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
```

```
qc orientation avg:bit 2 description = "All camera ids for this
particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_3 description = "num imgs used avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_4_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less than
valid_min. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_orientation_avg:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less than
warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc_orientation_avg:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float aspect ratio avg(time) ;
                aspect_ratio_avg:long_name = "Average of aspect ratio" ;
                aspect ratio avg:units = "unitless" ;
                aspect ratio avg:ancillary variables = "qc aspect ratio avg" ;
                aspect ratio avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                aspect_ratio_avg:cell methods = "camera: mean" ;
                aspect ratio avg:comment = "Average of aspect ratio value for all
images which passed quality check" ;
        int qc_aspect_ratio_avg(time) ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on field:
Average of aspect ratio" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:bit 1 description = "snowflake fall speed is set
to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc aspect ratio avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_2_description = "All camera ids for this
particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_3_description = "num_imgs_used_avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_3_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_4_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less
than valid min. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less
than warn_min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_5_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float complexity avg(time) ;
                complexity avg:long name = "Average of complexity";
                complexity avg:units = "unitless" ;
                complexity_avg:ancillary_variables = "qc_complexity_avg" ;
                complexity_avg:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                complexity_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
                complexity_avg:comment = "Average of complexity value for all images
which passed quality check" ;
        int qc complexity avg(time) ;
                qc complexity avg:long name = "Quality check results on field: Average
of complexity" ;
                qc complexity avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc complexity avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc complexity avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_complexity_avg:bit_1_description = "snowflake fall speed is set to
bad value. Value set to missing_value" ;
```

```
qc complexity avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc complexity avg:bit 2 description = "All camera ids for this
particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc complexity avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_complexity_avg:bit_3_description = "num imgs used avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc complexity avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_complexity_avg:bit_4_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less than
valid min. Value set to missing value";
                qc_complexity_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_complexity_avg:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less than
warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc complexity avg:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float geometric_cross_section_avg(time) ;
                geometric_cross_section_avg:long_name = "Average of
geometric_cross_section" ;
                geometric cross section avg:units = "mm^2";
                geometric cross section avg:ancillary variables =
"qc geometric cross section avg" ;
                geometric cross section avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                geometric_cross_section_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
                geometric_cross_section_avg:comment = "Average of
geometric cross section for all images which passed quality check" ;
        int qc geometric cross section avg(time) ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:long name = "Quality check results on
field: Average of geometric_cross_section";
                qc geometric cross section avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:description = "This field contains bit
packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc geometric cross section avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 1 description =
"snowflake fall speed is set to bad value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:bit_2_description = "All camera_ids for
this particle are set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:bit_3_description = "num_imgs_used_avg
set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:bit_4_description = "num_imgs_used_avg
is less than valid_min. Value set to missing_value";
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 5 description = "num imgs used avg
is less than warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float mean_pixel_intensity_avg(time) ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_avg:long_name = "Average of mean pixel intensity"
;
                mean_pixel_intensity_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_avg:ancillary_variables =
"qc mean pixel intensity_avg" ;
                mean pixel intensity avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                mean pixel_intensity_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
                mean pixel intensity avg:comment = "Average of mean pixel intensity
value for all images which passed quality check" ;
        int qc mean pixel intensity avg(time) ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:long name = "Quality check results on
field: Average of mean pixel intensity";
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:description = "This field contains bit
packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
```

```
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_1_description = "snowflake fall speed
is set to bad value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_2_description = "All camera_ids for
this particle are set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_3_description = "num_imgs_used_avg set
to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 4 description = "num imgs used avg is
less than valid_min. Value set to missing_value";
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_5_description = "num imgs used avg is
less than warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average";
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 5 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float mean pixel intensity variability avg(time) ;
               mean pixel intensity variability avg:long name = "Average of
mean_pixel_intensity_variability" ;
               mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:ancillary_variables =
"qc mean pixel intensity variability avg" ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:missing_value = -9999.f ;
                mean pixel_intensity_variability_avg:cell_methods = "camera: mean" ;
               mean pixel intensity variability avg:comment = "Average of
mean_pixel_intensity_variability value for all images which passed quality check" ;
        int qc mean pixel intensity variability avg(time) ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:long name = "Quality check
results on field: Average of mean pixel intensity variability";
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:description = "This field
contains bit packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data.
Non-zero bits indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a
value of 0 (no bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:flag_method = "bit" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:bit_1_description =
"snowflake fall speed is set to bad value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity_variability_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 2 description = "All
camera_ids for this particle are set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:bit_3_description =
"num imqs used avq set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 4 description =
"num imgs used avg is less than valid min. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:bit_5_description =
"num imgs used avg is less than warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an
average" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 5 assessment =
"Indeterminate" ;
        float flatness(time) ;
                flatness:long name = "Estimate of particle flatness" ;
                flatness:units = "unitless" ;
                flatness:ancillary_variables = "qc_flatness" ;
                flatness:missing value = -9999.f ;
                flatness:cell methods = "time: point" ;
                flatness:comment = "Measures particle flatness based on aspect ratios
of individual images. Computed as: abs( (max(aspect_ratio) - min(aspect_ratio)) /
average(aspect ratio) ). Set to missing value when ave num imgs used <= 1";
```

```
int qc_flatness(time) ;
                qc flatness:long name = "Quality check results on field: Estimate of
particle flatness" ;
                qc flatness:units = "unitless" ;
                qc flatness:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc_flatness:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_flatness:bit_1_description = "snowflake_fall_speed is set to bad
value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_flatness:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc flatness:bit 2 description = "All camera ids for this particle are
set to missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_flatness:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc flatness:bit 3 description = "num imgs used avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_flatness:bit 3 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc flatness:bit 4 description = "num imgs used avg is less than
valid_min. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_flatness:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_flatness:bit_5_description = "num_imgs_used_avg is less than
warn min. Could indicate not enough data for an average. Value set to missing value";
                qc flatness:bit 5 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float lat ;
                lat:long_name = "North latitude" ;
                lat:units = "degree N" ;
                lat:valid min = -90.f;
                lat:valid max = 90.f ;
                lat:standard name = "latitude" ;
        float lon ;
                lon:long name = "East longitude" ;
                lon:units = "degree E" ;
                lon:valid min = -180.f;
                lon:valid_max = 180.f ;
                lon:standard name = "longitude" ;
        float alt ;
                alt:long name = "Altitude above mean sea level" ;
                alt:units = "m" ;
                alt:standard name = "altitude" ;
// global attributes:
                :command_line = "masc_flake_anal_vap.py -s oli -f M1 -b 20151025 -e
20160623 -D 2 -R";
                :Conventions = "ARM-1.1";
                :process version = "$" ;
                :anal_config_json = "{\"timeBinningParameters\":
{\"maxFallSpeedInMetersPS\": 5.0, \"binWidthInSec\": 300.0, \"minNumParticlesPerBin\":
10.0}, \"imageAnalysisParameters\": {\"focusThreshold01\": 0.009999999776482582,
\"backgroundThreshold01\": 0.03, \"minFlakeSizeInMicrons\": 199.9999977648258,
\"flagSaveCroppedImages\": false, \"maxEdgeTouchLengthInMicrons\": 500.0,
\"flagRejectOutOfFocus\": 1, \"additionalImageCrop\": {\"top\": 460, \"right\": 600,
\"bottom\": 360, \"left\": 600}, \"rangeIntensityThreshold01\": 0.01899999938905239,
\"lineFillInMicrons\": 200, \"minMaxPixelIntensity01\": 0.2000000298023224,
\"boundingBoxThresholdInMM\": {\"bottomMax\": 36.0, \"bottomMin\": 32.0}}}";
                :dod version = "mascparticles-c1-1.2";
                :input datastreams = "olimascM1.b1 : 1.1 : 20160301.065053" ;
                :site id = "oli";
                :platform id = "mascparticles" ;
                :facility id = "M1" ;
                :data level = "c1" ;
                :location description = "North Slope of Alaska (NSA), Oliktok Point,
Alaska" ;
```

```
:datastream = "olimascparticlesM1.c1" ;
:doi = "10.5439/1239672" ;
:masc_version = "v3.0: 3x 5MP Unibrain cameras, 12mm lenses" ;
:history = "created by user shkurko on machine research at 2016-08-19
02:40:18, using $" ;
}
```

Appendix E

NetCDF Header for mascparticlesavgM1.c1

An example header from the MASC FLAKE ANAL VAP is given below:

```
netcdf olimascparticlesavgM1.c1.20151025.052730 {
dimensions:
        time = UNLIMITED ; // (8 currently)
       bound = 2;
variables:
        int base time ;
                base time:string = "2015-10-25 00:00:00 0:00" ;
                base time:long name = "Base time in Epoch" ;
                base time:units = "seconds since 1970-1-1 0:00:00 0:00";
                base time:ancillary variables = "time offset" ;
        double time offset(time) ;
                time offset:long name = "Time offset from base time" ;
                time offset:units = "seconds since 2015-10-25 00:00:00 0:00";
                time offset:ancillary variables = "base time" ;
        double time(time) ;
                time:long name = "Time offset from midnight" ;
                time:units = "seconds since 2015-10-25 00:00:00 0:00";
                time:bounds = "time bounds" ;
                time:calendar = "gregorian" ;
                time:standard name = "time" ;
        double time bounds(time, bound) ;
                time_bounds:long_name = "Time cell bounds" ;
                time bounds:bound offsets = -150., 150. ;
        float num particles total(time) ;
                num_particles_total:long_name = "Total number of particles that fell
into this bin." ;
                num particles total:units = "unitless" ;
                num particles total:ancillary variables = "qc num particles total" ;
                num particles total:missing value = -9999.f ;
                num_particles_total:cell_methods = "time: sum" ;
                num particles total:comment = "Only a subset (counted in
num particles for avg) will be used to compute averages." ;
        int qc num particles total(time) ;
                qc num particles total:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Total number of particles that fell into this bin." ;
                qc num particles total:units = "unitless" ;
                qc num particles total:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
```

```
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc num particles total:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc num particles total:bit 1 description = "Value set to
missing value" ;
                qc num particles total:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc num particles total:bit 2 description = "Value is equal to 0" ;
                qc num particles total:bit 2 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        int num particles for avg(time) ;
                num particles for avg:long name = "Number of particles used to
average" ;
                num particles for avg:units = "unitless" ;
                num particles for avg:ancillary variables = "qc num particles for avg"
;
                num particles for avg:warn min = 10 ;
                num particles for avg:missing value = -9999 ;
                num particles for avg:cell methods = "time: sum" ;
                num particles for avg:comment = "Number of particles (that fall within
the time bin) used to average. Only particles passing quality control contribute and
the value of num objects for at least 2 of 3 images must be same and equal to 1.
Depends on time bin width. Limit here set based on 5min bin width";
        int qc_num_particles_for_avg(time) ;
                qc_num_particles_for_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on field:
Number of particles used to average" ;
                qc num particles for avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_num_particles_for_avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc num particles for avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc num particles for avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to
missing value" ;
                qc num particles for avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_num_particles_for_avg:bit_2_description = "Value is less than the
warn min" ;
                qc num particles for avg:bit 2 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc_num_particles_for_avg:bit_3_description = "Value is equal to 0" ;
                qc num particles for avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
        float fall speed avg(time) ;
                fall speed avg:long name = "Average fallspeed" ;
                fall speed avg:units = "m/s";
                fall speed avg:ancillary variables = "qc fall speed avg" ;
                fall speed avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                fall speed avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
                fall speed avg:comment = "Average of fallspeeds for all valid
particles within time bin" ;
        int qc fall speed avg(time) ;
                qc fall speed avg:long name = "Quality check results on field: Average
fallspeed" ;
                qc fall speed avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc fall speed avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc fall speed avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc fall speed avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to missing value" ;
                qc fall speed avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
```

```
qc fall speed avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc_fall_speed_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_fall_speed_avg:bit_3_description = "num_particles_for_avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results" ;
                qc_fall_speed_avg:bit_3_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc fall speed avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is equal
to 0. Value set to missing value";
                qc fall speed avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float maximum dimension avg(time) ;
               maximum dimension avg:long name = "Average maximum dimension" ;
                maximum dimension avg:units = "mm" ;
                maximum dimension avg:ancillary variables = "qc maximum dimension avg"
;
               maximum_dimension_avg:missing_value = -9999.f ;
               maximum dimension avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
               maximum dimension avg:comment = "Average maximum dimension for all
particles within this time bin" ;
        int qc_maximum_dimension avg(time) ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Average maximum dimension" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc_maximum_dimension_avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to
missing_value" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg
set to missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 3 description = "num particles for avg is
less than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant
results" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is
equal to 0. Value set to missing value";
                qc maximum dimension avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float particle area avg(time) ;
                particle area avg:long name = "Average particle area" ;
                particle area avg:units = "mm^2" ;
                particle area avg:ancillary variables = "qc particle area avg" ;
                particle area avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
               particle area avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
               particle area avg:comment = "Average particle area for all particles
within this time bin" ;
        int qc_particle_area_avg(time) ;
                qc_particle_area_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on field:
Average particle area" ;
                qc particle area avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc particle area avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc particle area avg:flag method = "bit" ;
```

qc particle area avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to missing value" ; qc_particle_area_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ; qc_particle_area_avg:bit_2_description = "num_particles_for_avg set to missing value. Value set to missing value"; qc particle area avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ; qc particle area avg:bit 3 description = "num particles for avg is less than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results" ; qc particle area avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ; qc particle area avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is equal to 0. Value set to missing value" ; qc particle area avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ; float area eq radius avg(time) ; area eq radius avg:long name = "Average area equivalent radius" ; area eq radius avg:units = "mm"; area eq radius avg:ancillary variables = "qc area eq radius avg" ; area eq radius avg:missing value = -9999.f ; area eq radius avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ; area eq radius avg:comment = "Average area equivalent radius for all particles within this time bin" ; int qc area eq radius avg(time) ; qc area eq radius avg:long name = "Quality check results on field: Average area equivalent radius"; qc area eq radius avg:units = "unitless" ; qc_area_eq_radius_avg:description = "This field contains bit packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ; qc area eq radius avg:flag method = "bit" ; qc area eq radius avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to missing value" ; qc area eq radius avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ; qc area eq radius avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg set to missing value. Value set to missing value"; qc area eq radius avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ; qc_area_eq_radius_avg:bit_3_description = "num_particles_for_avg is less than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results" ; qc area eq radius avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ; qc area eq radius avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is equal to 0. Value set to missing value" ; qc_area_eq_radius_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ; float perimeter avg(time) ; perimeter avg:long name = "Average perimeter" ; perimeter avg:units = "mm" ; perimeter avg:ancillary variables = "qc perimeter avg" ; perimeter avg:missing value = -9999.f ; perimeter avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ; perimeter_avg:comment = "Average perimeter for all particles within this time bin" ; int qc perimeter avg(time) ; qc perimeter avg:long name = "Quality check results on field: Average perimeter" ; qc perimeter avg:units = "unitless" ; qc perimeter avg:description = "This field contains bit packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC

```
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc perimeter avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_perimeter_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 3 description = "num particles for avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is equal
to 0. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc perimeter avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float orientation avg(time) ;
                orientation avg:long name = "Average orientation" ;
                orientation avg:units = "degree" ;
                orientation avg:ancillary variables = "qc orientation avg" ;
                orientation avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                orientation avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
                orientation avg:comment = "Average orientation for all particles
within this time bin" ;
        int qc orientation avg(time) ;
                qc orientation avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Average orientation";
                qc orientation avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc orientation avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc orientation avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc orientation avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to missing value" ;
                qc orientation avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
               qc orientation avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc orientation avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc orientation avg:bit 3 description = "num particles for avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results";
                qc orientation avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc orientation avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is equal
to 0. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc orientation avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float aspect ratio avg(time) ;
                aspect ratio avg:long name = "Average aspect ratio" ;
                aspect ratio avg:units = "unitless" ;
                aspect ratio avg:ancillary variables = "qc aspect ratio avg" ;
                aspect ratio avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                aspect ratio avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
                aspect ratio avg:comment = "Average aspect ratio for all particles
within this time bin" ;
        int qc_aspect_ratio_avg(time) ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:long name = "Quality check results on field:
Average aspect ratio" ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
```

```
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_1_description = "Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_2_description = "num_particles_for_avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc aspect ratio avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc aspect ratio avg:bit 3 description = "num particles for avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results";
                qc aspect ratio avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc_aspect_ratio_avg:bit_4_description = "num_particles for avg is
equal to 0. Value set to missing value";
                qc aspect ratio avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float complexity avg(time) ;
                complexity avg:long name = "Average complexity" ;
                complexity avg:units = "unitless" ;
                complexity avg:ancillary variables = "qc complexity avg" ;
                complexity avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                complexity avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
                complexity avg:comment = "Average complexity for all particles within
this time bin" ;
        int qc_complexity_avg(time) ;
                qc complexity avg:long name = "Quality check results on field: Average
complexity" ;
                qc_complexity_avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc complexity avg:description = "This field contains bit packed
integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc complexity avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc complexity avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to missing value";
                qc complexity avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc complexity avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg set to
missing value. Value set to missing value";
                qc complexity avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_complexity_avg:bit_3_description = "num_particles_for_avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results";
                qc complexity avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc complexity avg:bit 4 description = "num particles for avg is equal
to 0. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc complexity avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float geometric cross section avg(time) ;
                geometric cross section avg:long name = "Average geometric cross
section" ;
                geometric_cross_section_avg:units = "mm^2" ;
                geometric cross section avg:ancillary variables =
"qc geometric cross section avg" ;
                geometric cross section avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                geometric_cross_section_avg:cell_methods = "time: mean" ;
                geometric cross section avg:comment = "Average geometric cross section
for all particles within this time bin";
        int qc geometric cross section avg(time) ;
                qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on
field: Average geometric cross section" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:units = "unitless" ;
```

```
qc_geometric_cross_section_avg:description = "This field contains bit
packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to
missing value" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 2 description =
"num particles for avg set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc geometric_cross_section_avg:bit_3_description =
"num particles for avg is less than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for
statistically-significant results" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 4 description =
"num particles for avg is equal to 0. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc geometric cross section avg:bit 4 assessment = "Bad" ;
        float mean pixel intensity avg(time) ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_avg:long_name = "Average mean pixel intensity" ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_avg:units = "unitless" ;
               mean pixel intensity avg:ancillary variables =
"qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg" ;
               mean pixel intensity avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                mean pixel intensity avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
               mean_pixel_intensity_avg:comment = "Average mean pixel intensity for
all particles within this time bin" ;
        int qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg(time) ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:long_name = "Quality check results on
field: Average mean pixel intensity" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:description = "This field contains bit
packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits
indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no
bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests.";
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 1 description = "Value set to
missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 2 description = "num particles for avg
set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_3_description = "num_particles_for_avg
is less than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant
results" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_3_assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_avg:bit_4_description = "num_particles for avg
is equal to 0. Value set to missing value";
                qc mean pixel_intensity_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
        float mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg(time) ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:long_name = "Average mean pixel
intensity variability" ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:units = "unitless" ;
               mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:ancillary_variables =
"qc mean pixel intensity variability avg" ;
               mean pixel intensity variability avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:cell_methods = "time: mean" ;
```

```
mean pixel intensity variability avg:comment = "Average mean pixel
intensity variability for all particles within this time bin" ;
        int qc mean pixel_intensity_variability_avg(time) ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:long name = "Quality check"
results on field: Average mean pixel intensity variability";
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:description = "This field
contains bit packed integer values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data.
Non-zero bits indicate the QC condition given in the description for those bits; a
value of 0 (no bits set) indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 1 description = "Value set
to missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 1 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 2 description =
"num particles for avg set to missing value. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 2 assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 3 description =
"num particles for avg is less than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for
statistically-significant results" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 3 assessment =
"Indeterminate" ;
                qc mean pixel intensity variability avg:bit 4 description =
"num particles for avg is equal to 0. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_mean_pixel_intensity_variability_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
        float flatness_avg(time) ;
                flatness_avg:long_name = "Average flatness" ;
                flatness avg:units = "unitless" ;
                flatness_avg:ancillary_variables = "qc_flatness_avg" ;
                flatness avg:missing value = -9999.f ;
                flatness avg:cell methods = "time: mean" ;
                flatness avg:comment = "Average flatness for all particles within this
time bin" ;
        int qc flatness avg(time) ;
                qc flatness avg:long name = "Quality check results on field: Average
flatness" ;
                qc flatness avg:units = "unitless" ;
                qc flatness avg:description = "This field contains bit packed integer
values, where each bit represents a QC test on the data. Non-zero bits indicate the QC
condition given in the description for those bits; a value of 0 (no bits set)
indicates the data has not failed any QC tests." ;
                qc flatness avg:flag method = "bit" ;
                qc_flatness_avg:bit_1_description = "Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_flatness_avg:bit_1_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc_flatness_avg:bit_2_description = "num_particles_for_avg set to
missing_value. Value set to missing_value" ;
                qc_flatness_avg:bit_2_assessment = "Bad" ;
                qc flatness avg:bit 3 description = "num particles for avg is less
than warn min. Could indicate lack of samples for statistically-significant results";
                qc flatness avg:bit 3 assessment = "Indeterminate" ;
                qc_flatness_avg:bit_4_description = "num_particles_for_avg is equal to
0. Value set to missing value" ;
                qc_flatness_avg:bit_4_assessment = "Bad" ;
        float lat ;
                lat:long name = "North latitude" ;
                lat:units = "degree N" ;
                lat:valid min = -90.f;
```

```
lat:valid max = 90.f ;
                lat:standard_name = "latitude" ;
        float lon ;
                lon:long_name = "East longitude" ;
                lon:units = "degree E" ;
                lon:valid min = -180.f;
                lon:valid max = 180.f ;
                lon:standard name = "longitude" ;
        float alt ;
                alt:long name = "Altitude above mean sea level" ;
                alt:units = "m";
                alt:standard name = "altitude" ;
// global attributes:
                :command line = "masc flake anal vap.py -s oli -f M1 -b 20151025 -e
20160610 -D 2 -R";
                :Conventions = "ARM-1.1" ;
                :process version = "$" ;
                :dod version = "mascparticlesavg-c1-1.0" ;
                :input datastreams = "olimascM1.b1 : 1.1 : 20151025.052710" ;
                :site_id = "oli" ;
                :platform_id = "mascparticlesavg" ;
                :facility_id = "M1" ;
                :data level = "c1" ;
                :location_description = "North Slope of Alaska (NSA), Oliktok Point,
Alaska" ;
                :datastream = "olimascparticlesavgM1.c1" ;
                :doi = "10.5439/1239673" ;
                :masc version = "v3.0: 3x 5MP Unibrain cameras, 12mm lenses" ;
                :history = "created by user shkurko on machine research at 2016-06-17
18:11:32, using $";
}
```



www.arm.gov



Office of Science